

SAULT STE. MARIE TRIBE OF CHIPPEWA INDIANS

LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN 2018-2038

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Submitted to Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Membership Board of Directors

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INTRODUCTION

The Long Range Tribal Transportation Plan for the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians is a complex document that represents the collaborative efforts of various departments, programs, community input, membership and executive members of the tribe to complete.

This document is intended to strategically bring together various aspects of transportation program and a variety of supporting documents to develop and manage our many multi-modal facilities, land uses and community needs. While being mindful of our membership and Tribes unique needs, we focus on protecting and enhancing the quality of life of our membership and communities. Strategies have been identified to evaluate assesse and recommend appropriate activities to maintain and improve our facilities and infrastructure with sound investments and proactive planning and asset management.

The Tribal Transportation Department facilities include tribal roads, bridges, harbors, public roads, bus stops, sidewalks and trails on the federal-aid inventory system. Facilities include but are not limited to primary and secondary routes (roads) that provide access to Tribal, cultural, tourism, economic development, natural resources, harbors, boat landings and airports. Facilities listed on the Transportation Inventory List are located on, within or provide access to Tribal, BIA, Trust, Fee and restricted lands. Facilities are deemed eligible by the Tribal Council, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Federal Highway Administration and Secretary of the Interior. The transportation plan was prepared for the Tribal Community, Bureau of Indian Affairs and Federal Highways Administration in accordance with 25 CFR 170ⁱ.

While keeping in mind that the needs of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians (here after referred to as The Tribe) are unique, for example the undefined reservation boundaries. The Tribe owns land which is scattered throughout the Upper Peninsula of Michigan encompassing a network of roads, bridges, ferries, docks and trails spanning seven counties including: Alger, Delta, Luce, Mackinac, Schoolcraft, Marquette, and Chippewa counties (see figure 2). Within the seven county service area we have the following primary communities: Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Hessel, Kincheloe, Munising, Manistique and Newberry with numerous Tribal operations provided throughout the region, with over 92 programs and services are offered by the Tribe to its enrolled members.

The governing body of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians is the Board of Directors. There are 12 board members and one chairperson who are all elected into office. The board members represent the five units of the tribe's service area in the Eastern Upper Peninsula of Michigan. Five board members represent Unit I, two board members represent Unit II, two board members represent Unit IV, and one board member represents Unit V. The chairperson is elected at large and serves as a member of the board.

Many of the programs and services are concentrated in a few areas, as it is not economically feasible to provide all of the programs and services to each of the seven counties. This poses a problem, because of socio-economic reasons and access to services is limited. Transit services do not exist in many of the counties and, the transit services that do exist are limited and do not provide transportation within some of the cities and between some of the counties. Many county and city roads are critical to the health of Tribal members and the economic development of the Tribe. Roads, whether directly on a reservation, near a reservation, or between reservations provide access to health care, grocery stores and shopping centers, worksites, financial services, and emergency services. In addition, several main thoroughfares provide access to each of the Tribe's six casinos.

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This Long Range Transportation Plan represents the compilation of a variety of supporting documents created by and for the Transportation Department. The primary focus of the Transportation Plan is the strategic development of various multimodal transportation facilities, while keeping in mind the Tribe's unique needs, values, land use, and socioeconomic goals. The Plan will clearly present our commitment to providing a system that can meet the current and future mobility needs of our community. Transportation Planning includes the design, construction, operation and maintenance of transportation facilities.

The following pages detail proposed additions and inclusions for the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). This document defines priorities for programming and expenditures of Bureau of Indian Affairs Tribal Transportation funds. The LRTP will be reviewed and updated every five years. Additionally, an annual Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP) will be updated and completed on an annual basis with prioritized transportation projects. The identified projects reflect the needs and priorities of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians. With a focus on equitable distribution of resources that accommodate existing and proposed land use in a safe, sustainable, respectful approach.

Furthermore, the Transportation Department and this LRTP strives to preserve our way of life while planning for future roads, bridges, trails, sidewalks, water trails, transit and safety needs. This document highlights coordination and collaboration with tribal staff from various departments; the Tribal Council and Community Members. In preparing this LRTP the following were considered: input from community members, along with public review, distribution and input. In addition, the following factors provided guidance and direction: This Long Range Transportation Plan represents the compilation of several supporting plans and reports created for or by the Transportation Department in an effort to develop a comprehensive Long Range Transportation Plan. Below, is a list of supporting plans and reports:

- Narrative Summary
- Reservation Boundary/Service Area Maps
- Statement of Transportation Needs/Issues
- Transit Implementation Plan
- Non-Motorized Transportation Plan

- usRAP Analysis
- Safety Plan
- Water Trails Plan
- Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)
- Other Supporting Documents including: Supportin Tribal Resolution

Over the last seven years the Transportation Department has developed and directed numerous community input sessions, membership surveys and direct meetings with tribal staff and membership to compline information on needs, issues, safety, transit and project prioritization to name a few. Further, it is the intent of the Transportation Department to continue with this strategic direction of community input, guidance and transparency by compiling, on an annual basis, priority list of proposed transportation facilities (i.e. roads, bridges, trails, sidewalks). Project will be prioritized using the Michigan Transportation Asset Management Council Asset Management Guide, which provides standards and processes to rate the current condition of roads and road systems for prioritization.

The Tribe has developed this long range plan in accordance with the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Strategic Master Plan and all Tribal codes and ordnances. Further, this Plan represents the intention of the Tribe and the Transportation Departments intent to maintain and build inter-governmental collaboration with federal, state, regional units of government to maintain infrastructure in a safe and equitable manner. Finally, this long range plan provides a detailed review of the requirements needed in order to fully develop and properly sustain the Transportation Department. To fulfill program and federal requirements the Transportation Department is developing this Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) and capital improvement strategy to guide long term tribal investments in our infrastructure and community development. This LRTP will be reviewed and updated every 5

years or as necessary the Tribe. One of the most critical aspects of this long range plan is to provide a process for annual community review and input for construction, planning and transit for multi-year plans.

ORGANIZAITON OF STUDY

The process to complete this LRTP consisted of the following stages: Phase One, included the collection of current data and conditions for review and analysis, creation of goals, policies and strategies. Phase Two, collection and review of traffic data, existing conditions, projected transportation land development within the Tribal seven county service area, identification needs. This processes included collaborations and coordination with City, County, Regional, State, National and Bureau of Indian (BIA), Tribal Officials and staff to obtain required data.

Phase Three consists of preparing a draft transportation plan based on the information obtained from collaboration with City, County, Regional, State, National and Bureau of Indian (BIA) Officials input. Finally, incorporating current Tribal Transportation Department plans and studies and Tribal Community data collected from various Tribal Departments, Programs and Officials to evaluate our tribal community needs. This transportation plan is a "Draft" plan that is provided to our community members for review and input. After community review and input has been completed this Draft transportation plan will be presented to the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Board of Directors for official approval and submitted to the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

TRIBAL AND REGIONAL CONTEXT

Tribal homelands are located in the central and eastern region of Michigan's Upper Peninsula; which includes Chippewa, Mackinac, Luce, Schoolcraft, Alger, Marquette, and Delta Counties. The Tribe provides varied and extensive services to Tribal and community members throughout the seven county service area. Most services are located quite a distance from residential areas. Also, the service area is mostly low population densities and remoteness, and small urban "islands" surrounded by rural land. Although several local units of government and agencies located in the region currently provide a variety of transportation options, there are still extensive mobility needs that need to be met. The Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indian service area covers seven (7) counties, which contains 19,061 square miles, including hundreds of miles of shoreline on three of the great lakes; Lake Superior, Lake Huron and Lake Michigan (Figures 1& 2).

Figure 1 Great Lakes Region, USA



Figure 2 Tribal Seven County Service Area



LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN SUMMARY

The 2018-2038 Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) is drafted and presented to be adaptable to the numerous needs and changes throughout our communities with the Performance Based Model approach. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Performance Based Planning and Programming Guidebook was used as guidance in developing a Performance Based Model (PBM) that utilizes data, is strategic and provides community involvement on current and future investmentsⁱⁱ.

As programming requirements and budget constraints may impact future planning processes, the identified strategies within this document provide guidance for project prioritization and identifying capital preventative maintenance and improvement needs. The priority construction needs list should be reviewed and updated on an annual basis with a Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP). The LRTP should be updated every five years or if there is a major change in land use, land use planning, development or direction.

In accordance with the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Strategic Master Plan, the Tribe has updated this Long-Range Tribal Transportation Plan. This plan represents the Tribe's continued intention to using a balanced approach to ensure that the Transportation Department strives to enhance the quality of life; support economic development; provide a safe and efficient, multi modal transportation network.

The Transportation Program will also continue to construct and maintain tribal reservation roads, and work collaboratively with state, county, and city Managers/Roads Commissions/Engineers in order to improve, increase, and enhance transportation on and to our tribal reservation sites and facilities. Detailed Inventory additions, updates and resubmissions for the current year are included in the Inventory Tracker attachment.

To adequately evaluate and address the current and future needs in our communities, including existing and both future facilities, land use, and economic development this LRTP establishes the following processes:

- Establishes a process for facilitating community/public involvement
- Provides a process for Prioritization of Needs/Projects
- Established a process for conducting transportation studies for inclusion into the LRTP.
- Establishes program processes for multi-modal planning, construction, land use and asset management.
- Establishes processes to update and amend LRTP.

PART ONE-EXISTING CONDITIONS

1.1 BACKGROUND DATA AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

1.1.1 TRIBAL GOVERNMENT

The Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa is a federally recognized Tribe listed in the Federal Registry notice published on January 1, 2017, by the Bureau of Indian Affairs; 82. FR 4915. The Tribal governing body is the Board of Directors of the Sault Tribe, with 12 Board members and one Chair to represent the tribal membership, along with a Vice Chair, Secretary, Treasurer and Secretary.

Board members are elected by enrolled tribal members 18 years of age and older, from one of the five respective units and serve four year terms. Elections are held every two years with half the board up for reelection, with the chair up for reelection every four years. The tribal board meets officially twice a month at regular scheduled meetings held across the service area, with special meetings taking place after official announcement and public notice.

1.1.2 CULTURE AND HISTORY

The Original bands of the Sault Ste. Marie Chippewa Indians were an identifiable tribally organized entity long before their first contact with white explorers which occurred about the year 1620. The geographic area extended from Grand Island near the present city of Munising and included bands living at Grand Island, Point Iroquois, Drummond Island, Sault Ste. Marie, Garden River and Neebish Island.

The Treaty of July 31, 1855, (11 Stat.533) in addition to other things, established several large reservations extending across the eastern portion of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, followed in 1936 with the passage of the Wheeler-Howard Act of the Indian Reorganization ACT (48 Stat. 984, 25 U.S.C. Sec 461 et. Seq.). In the early 1950's, the Original Band began an effort to organize. This the effort began by the producing a roll of persons who could trace their ancestry directly to a known member of the historic six bands. By the late 1950's, the membership rolls were compiled with the Tribal constitution and By-Laws, adopted pursuant to the Indian Reorganization Act, was approved on November 13, 1975. The name adopted in this constitution was "The Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians."

1.1.3 DEMOGRAPHICS

The U.S. Census Bureau 2016 estimate for the State of Michigan population is 9,928,300 according to the American Community Survey (ACS-2009-2013). Further, within the seven county service area the estimated total population is 178,638 with 14,727 enrolled tribal members, with a total enrollment of 43,743, as provided by the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Enrollment Office. For comparison, the following pages provide figures containing population density for the general population and members for comparison of population data.



Figure 3 TRIBAL SEVEN COUNTY SERVICE AREA

Figure 4 POPULATION DENSITY BY CENSUS BLOCK



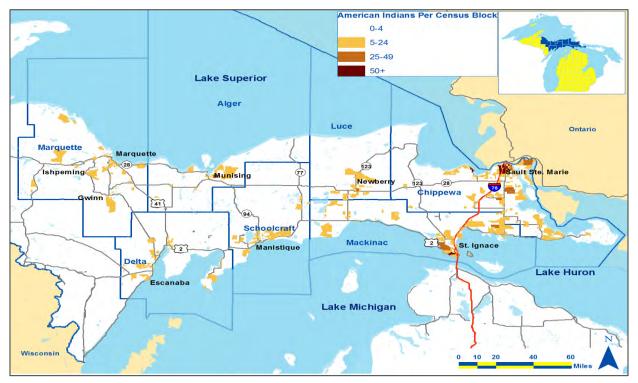
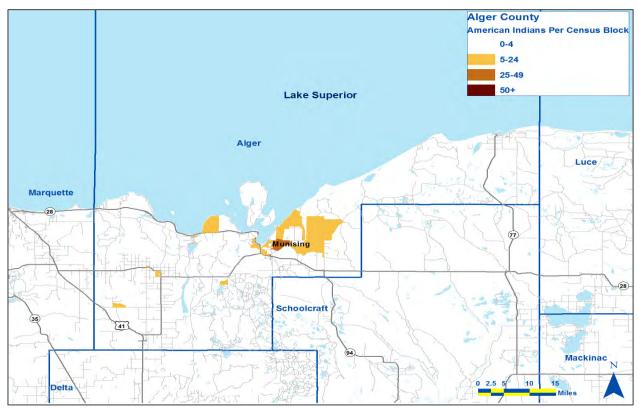


Figure 5 MEMBERSHP PER CENSUS BLOCK

Figure 6 ALGER COUNTY - MEMBER PER CENSUS BLOCK



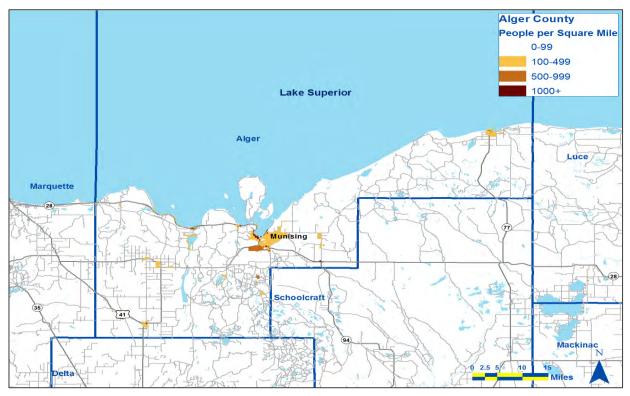


Figure 7 ALGER COUNTY POPULATION DENSITY BY CENSUS BLOCK

Figure 8 Chippewa County - Native Americans by Census Block

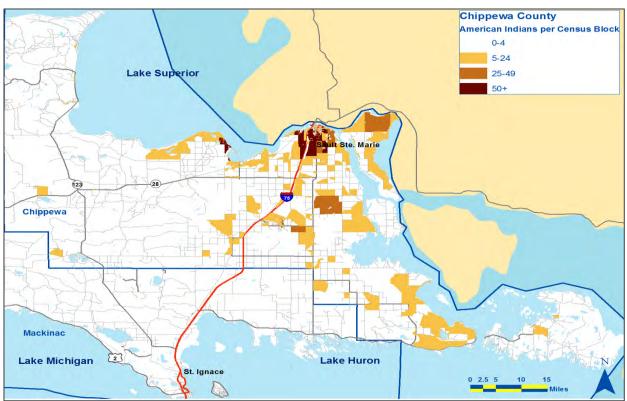
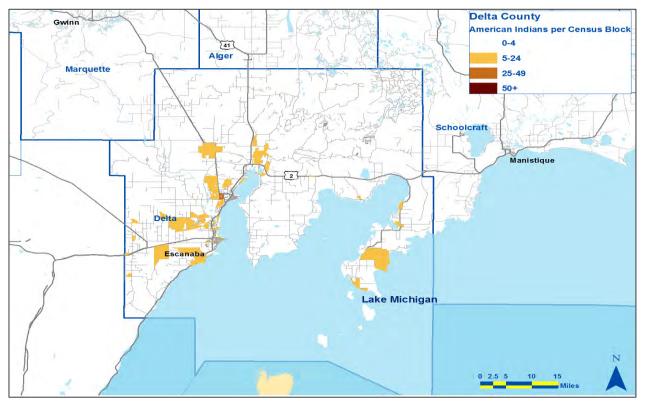




Figure 9 Chippewa County - Population Density by Census Block

Figure 10 Delta County - Native Americans by Census Block



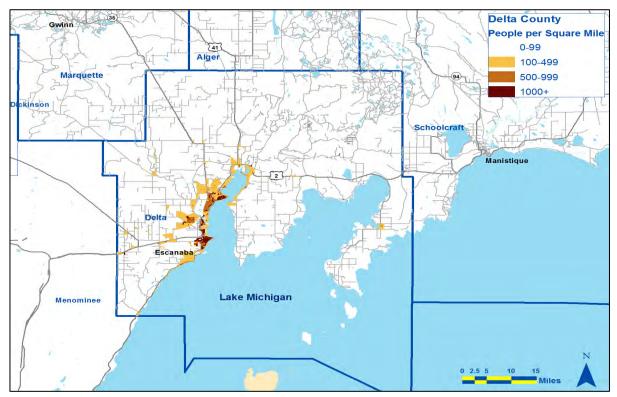
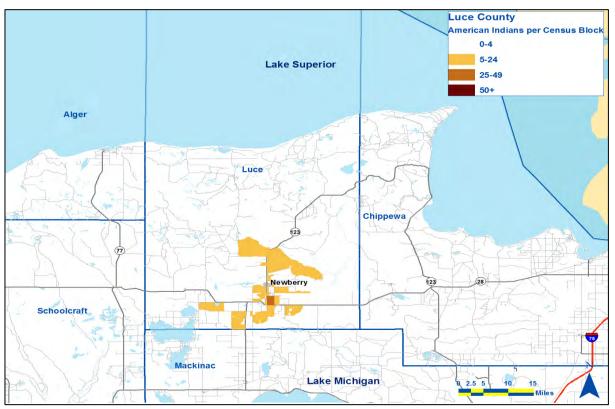


Figure 11 Delta County - Population Density by Census Block

Figure 12 Luce County - Native Americans by Census Block



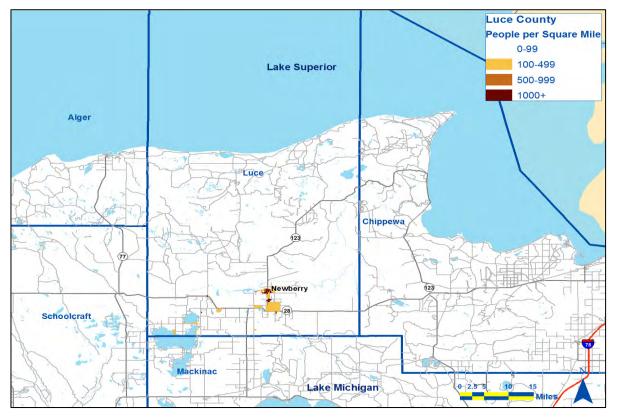
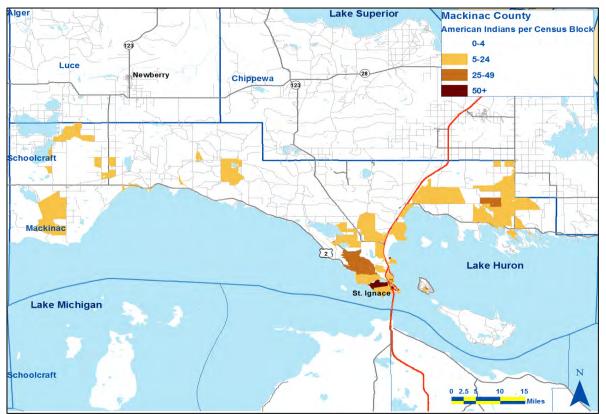


Figure 13 Luce County - Population by Census Block

Figure 14 Mackinac County - Native Americans by Census Block



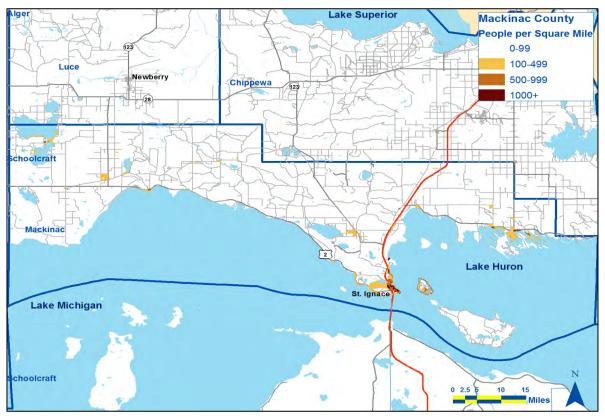
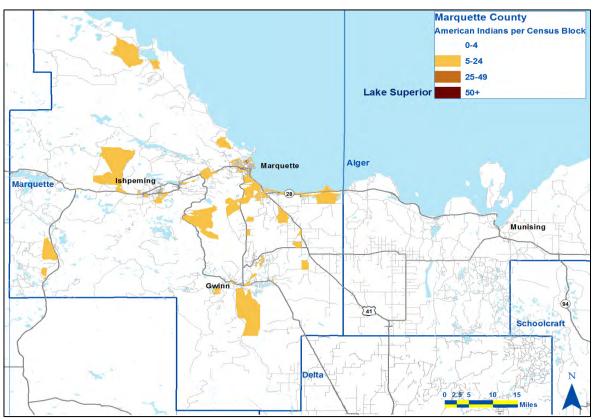


Figure 15 Mackinac County - Population Density by Census Block

Figure 16 Marquette County - Native Americans by Census Block



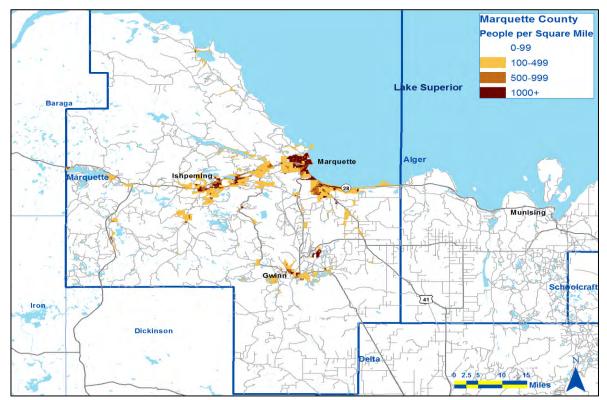
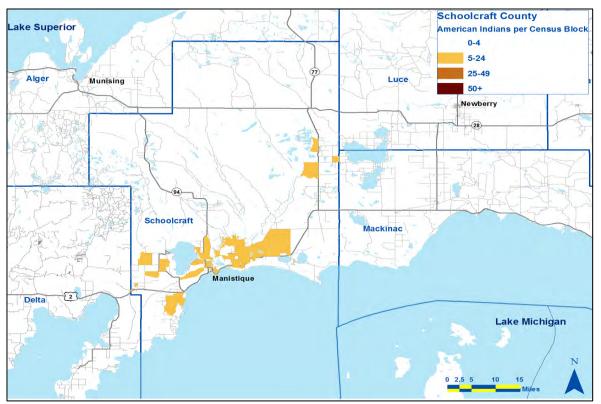


Figure 17 Marquette County - Population Density by Census Block

Figure 18 Schoolcraft County - Native Americans by Census Block



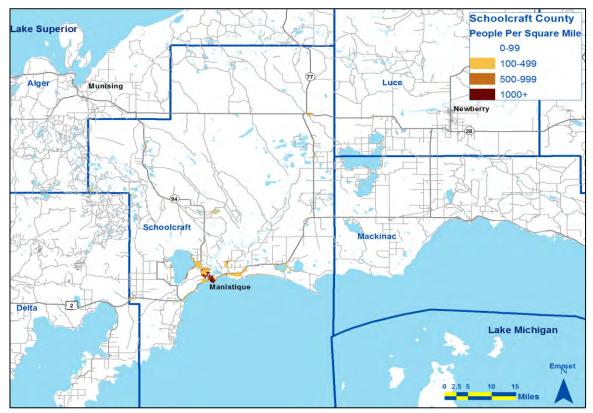


Figure 19 Schoolcraft County Population Density by Census Block

Table 1 State of Michigan Population, Seven County Service Area Population

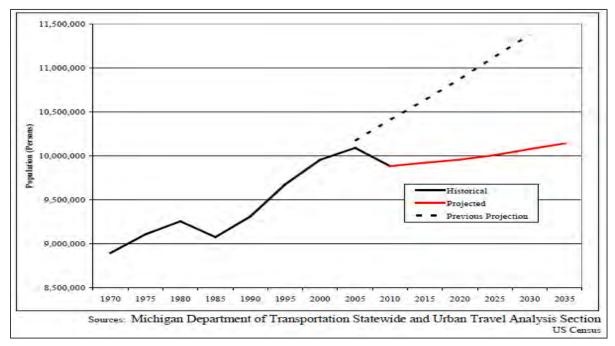
Area	Total Population							
	2000	2010	% Change					
Michigan	9,938,444	9,883,640	-1%					
Alger Co.	9,862	9,601	-3%					
Chippewa Co.	38,543	38,520	0%					
Delta Co.	38,520	37,069	-4%					
Luce Co.	7,024	6,631	-6%					
Mackinac Co.	11,943	11,113	-7%					
Marquette Co.	64,634	67,077	4%					
Schoolcraft Co.	8,903	8,485	-5%					
Total of Counties	179,429	178,496	-1%					

Source: Source Michigan State Demographer and U.S. Census

		American Indian and Alaska Native Alone or in Combination								
Area	2000	2000 2010		County Rank	% of 7-County NA Population					
Alger Co.	501	612	22%	6	4%					
Chippewa Co.	6,513	7,625	17%	1	49%					
Sault Ste. Marie	2,270	3,167	40%		20%					
Delta Co.	1,300	1,460	12%	4	9%					
Escanaba	343	572	67%	7	4%					
Luce Co.	551	516	-6%		3%					
Newberry	133	139	5%		1%					
Mackinac Co.	2,257	2,466	9%	2	16%					
St. Ignace	520	847	63%		5%					
Marquette Co.	1,542	1,990	29%	3	13%					
Marquette	343	504	47%		3%					
Schoolcraft Co.	763	991	30%	5	6%					
Manistique	185	410	122%		3%					
County Total	13,427	15,660	17%		100%					

Table 2 Population Change American Indian/Alone or Combination 2000-2010

Table 3 MDOT Population Projection



			2009	-2013 Ar		erican Community Survey 5-Year Estimates Seven County Service Area								
	Alger		Chippewa		Delta		Luce		Mackinac		Marquette		Schoolcraft	
	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE	Estimate	MoE
Civilian Employed Population 16 Years and Older	3,011	+/-188	14,956	+/-485	15,686	+/-434	2,193	+/-146	4,440	+/-164	30,298	+/-663	2,784	+/-193
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting, and Mining	108	+/-36	240	+/-62	459	+/-127	132	+/-57	151	+/-41	1,626	+/-198	159	+/-53
Construction	156	+/-48	798	+/-137	975	+/-180	75	+/-38	409	+/-83	1,581	+/-229	201	+/-58
Manufacturing	284	+/-58	756	+/-128	2,529	+/-249	270	+/-76	166	+/-54	1,653	+/-214	210	+/-57
Wholesale Trade	51	+/-30	289	+/-102	246	+/-77	20	+/-14	44	+/-28	536	+/-121	19	+/-19
Retail Trade	328	+/-87	1,790	+/-259	2,074	+/-266	221	+/-59	534	+/-86	3,918	+/-398	218	+/-47
Transportation and Warehousing, and Utilities	106	+/-48	565	+/-118	902	+/-150	94	+/-51	247	+/-60	1,287	+/-181	221	+/-60
Information	82	+/-38	355	+/-118	278	+/-82	3	+/-5	27	+/-17	660	+/-174	6	+/-7
Finance and Insurance, and Real Estate Rental and Leasing	144	+/-48	586	+/-152	709	+/-131	90	+/-33	246	+/-72	1,120	+/-163	179	+/-59
Professional, Scientific, and Management, and Administrative and Waste Management Services	135	+/-64	823	+/-136	940	+/-167	68	+/-30	249	+/-99	1,941	+/-257	115	+/-43
Educational Services, and Health Care and Social Assistance	658	+/-87	3,746	+/-289	3,437	+/-245	497	+/-61	931	+/-112	9,268	+/-447	591	+/-89
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation, and Accommodation and Food Services	466	+/-101	2,320	+/-257	1,637	+/-220	281	+/-67	792	+/-96	3,531	+/-356	435	+/-90
Other Services, except Public Administration	153	+/-63	666	+/-121	840	+/-161	117	+/-41	306	+/-61	1,537	+/-276	231	+/-91
Public Administration	340	+/-84	2,022	+/-221	660	+/-154	325	+/-64	338	+/-60	1,640	+/-205	199	+/-61

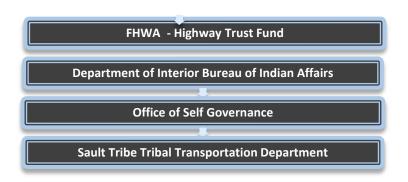
Table 4 2009-2013 Primary Employment Industries-5 Year Estimate Seven County Service

1.1.4 FUNDING ALLOCATION AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT OVERIVEW

Tribal Transportation Department is funded through the Federal Lands Highway Program and was established to address transportation needs of Tribes. Facilities included within the Department inventory include tribally-owned public roads as well as state and county-owned roads. The purpose of the Department is to provide safe and adequate transportation and public road access to and within Tribal Lands and communities for Tribal Members, visitors, recreational users, and others, while contributing to economic development. Funding for the TTP is the contract authority from the Highway Trust Fund and subject to obligation limitation. The structure of the TTP Program is provided below in figure 3.

The TTP is funded through the Highway Trust Funds, during early 2012, Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21) was passed by congress and signed into law the President. MAP-21 was a two year authorization with several key changes taking place with the program. These include; the name was changed from Indian Reservation Roads.

Figure 20 TTP Delivery Structure



Program to the Tribal Transportation Program (TTP), TTP new formula and distribution, Tribal safety set aside, Transit set aside and Transit formula. The current MAP-21 funding formula is based on 27% of approved road mileage, 39% based on population (most recent Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act

NAHASDA Population), 34% equally divided among each BIA regions. With funds distributed to each tribe based on relative need. Tribal Transportation Safety funds (TTSF) are available to Tribes via competitive grant funds (2% set aside) to address safety issues. Tribal Transit was restructured with MAP-21 to allocate \$25 million to eligible tribes, along with a \$5 million set aside for competitive grants. In 2015 Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act was signed into law. The FAST Act continues with the formula distribution established with MAP-21, along with provisions that the FAST Act provide the following changes; deductions prior to allocations was reduced to 5% (from 6%) for Program Administration, 2% Planning, 3% Bridges, 2% Safety. Finally, FAST Act does not provide funding for the Tribal High Priority Projects Program.

The Transportation Department administers Tribal Transportation Program activities, including Transportation Planning, Construction Administration, Program Administration, Design, Construction, Asset Management (Road Maintenance), Inter-Governmental Collaboration, Safety, Transit, Bridges, Grant Research and Administration. The Department in collaboration with the BIA Midwest Region Transportation Office develop a annual Retained Services Agreement that defines specific conditions of services and functions to be performed by and retained by the BIA Midwest Office. Additionally, the RSA defines the costs associated with any functions and time allotted for completion. When RSA are finalized they are reviewed and approved by official authorized representatives of the BIA and a Tribal Official. The Department, to fulfill its required responsibilities, draft and submit several annual reports, these include; Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP 5 year program plan), Program Activity Reports (activities, funding, expenditures), Single Audits, Program On-Site Reviews. The Transportation Department has expanded and grown exponentially over the last several years and has been functioning with the Transportation Planner taking on all responsibilities and functions for the Department, with one staff member to support activities.

1.1.5 SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Soils and landscape are diverse and vibrant throughout the tribal service area; with predominately clay soils within the eastern region of the Upper Peninsula including Chippewa, Luce and Mackinac counties. Sandy loams more common in the western region which includes Schoolcraft, Delta, Marquette and Alger Counties. The Sault Tribe has incorporated warranties into contract documents, quality controls with continuous on site inspectors, along with geogrid placement and comprehensive soil compaction to address soil instability.

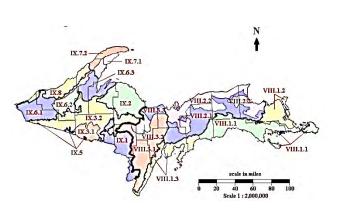


Figure 21 MSU Extension - U.P Regional Landscape Ecosystem Map

1.1.6 LAND OWNERSHIP

In the 1836 Treaty, the Anishinaabeg ceded over 3.8 million acres (21,621 square miles) of land in what is now northern Michigan. Roughly speaking, the 1836 ceded territory boundaries are the Eastern Upper Peninsula up to the Escanaba River and two-thirds of the northern lower peninsula down to Thunder Bay River on the east side and the Grand River on the west side with a boundary line drawn between the two rivers, the map details locations and boundaries.

Following the 1836 Treaty, the 1887 General Allotment Act (Dawes Act) required tribal land held by communities, to be divided and portioned to tribal members. This resulted in extensive consequences for our communities across the service area and resulted in checkerboard land holdings. Land is held in a variety of capacities, including but not limited to the following; trust land, fee land, fee simple land, allotted lands, restricted status, state Indian reservations, tribal ownership, tribal member ownership and not tribal ownership. This has resulted in a truly unique land base across the seven county service area with distinct tribal communities defined as connected yet distinct and unique islands. Additionally, the HEARTH Act (Helping Expedite and Advance Responsible Tribal Homeownership, 2012) establishes an alternative land leasing process available to tribes and amends the Indian Long-Term Leasing Act of 1955, 25 U.S.C. §415

1.1.7 CURRENT AND PROPOSED LAND USE

Currently, Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians tribal land is primarily trust fee land and fee simple land and regulated by Tribal Code, Chapter 60 Land Use Ordinance^{iv}. The Land Use Ordinance establishes the following provisions and identified subchapters, which include but not limited to the following:

Boundaries and Districts	Tribal Zoning Board
Board of Appeals	Administration and Enforcement
Reconstruction Non-Conforming Land, Buildings & Structures	Laws, Ordinances, Regulations and Restrictions
Uses of Non-Conforming Land, Buildings & Structures	Odenaang Housing Development Restrictions

Subchapter I, Section 60.102 of the land use code establishes the purpose, which reads as follows: **60.102 Purpose**^v the fundamental purpose of this ordinance is to promote the public health, safety, morals and general welfare. The provisions are intended to:

- encourage use of lands and natural resources of the Tribe in accordance with their character and adaptability; limit improper use of Tribal land; reduce hazards to life and property; provide for the orderly development of the Tribe;
- avoid overcrowding the population, to provide for adequate light, air and to lessen congestion on the public roads and streets; protect and conserve natural recreational areas, agricultural areas, residential areas and other areas naturally suited to particular use to facilitate the establishment of an adequate and economic use of transportation, sewage disposal, safe water supply, education, recreation and other public requirements;
- conserve expenditure of funds for public improvements and services to conform with the most advantageous
 uses of land, resources and properties; and promote the best uses of Tribal land and resources by both the
 community in general and the individual inhabitant

The Tribal Land Workgroup has been established to "facilitate communication between various Tribal Departments, and to advise in the establishment of the Tribe's documented real estate strategy in both a long-term and annual real estate plan. Once established, the long-term strategy, annual plan, and budget parameters will serve as management's guideline and direction in achieving the Tribe's Land Use goals". The Workgroup convenes quarterly or more often as necessary. The following pages provide a summarized list of tribal facilities in alphabetical order with site photos.

Community and Cultural Facilities- Mary Murray Culture Camp



Education - Joseph K. Lumsden Bahweting Anishanaabe School



Governmental - Administration Building



Gaming- Kewadin Casino Hotel & Convention Centers: Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Hessel, Christmas and Manistique.



Health and Human Services Facilities- Sault Health Center-Miskeke Gamig (Medicine Lodge), Manistique Tribal Health Center- Chigibig Ningabi An (Near the Western Shore and Munising Health Center Victor Matson, Sr. Community Center Grand Island Chippewa Center/Gchi-Minis Ednakiiyaany Gamig



Housing- St. Ignace /Elders Complex, Conceptual Drawing



Retail -, Northern Hospitality



Recreational - Chi Mukwa Community Recreation Center.



1.2 Harbors and Docks

1.2.1 ST. IGNACE/HORSESHOE BAY

Horseshoe Bay is located in St. Ignace Township, north of St. Ignace Michigan with tribal homes and convention center located on the waterfront along with two tribal fisherman's access roads, community center and tribal head start.



1.2.2 EPOUFETTE HARBOR

Epoufette Harbor is located in the town of Epoufette



1.2.3 FRUITPORT



1.2.4 BRIDGES

The Department, with guidance from BIA Midwest Region Transportation office has had the opportunity to construct and manage five (5) tribal bridges. This collaboration has provided safe access to many of our community facilities. Further, the BIA administers a Bridge safety program and conducts bi-annual safety inspections on all BIA and Tribal bridges to ensure compliance with the National Bridge Inspection Standards. Following each inspection the BIA provides the Department/Tribe with detailed Bridge Inspection Reports; these reports provide the Department information on any needed rehabilitation, reconstruction and maintenance items. In this section we include a short synopsis with photo of each bridge, first Mission Creek Bridge is located west of Casino Ring Road in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan with intersection on east side of bridge. Main structure is concrete prestressed box beam, constructed in 1996 with two lanes and a sidewalk on north side with a total length of 15.8 m., both the approach and deck surface are HMA pavement.

Pow Wow Bridge is located east of Shunk Road on Ice Circle Drive in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan and provides entrance to Tribal Pow Wow Grounds. Main structure is precast concrete arch culvert constructed in 2002 with two lanes and a sidewalk on north side with a total length of 15.8 m., both the approach and deck surface are HMA pavement.



Bahweting Drive Bridge is located east of Shunk Road in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan with cul-de-sac on west side of bridge. Arch structure is precast concrete arch culvert constructed in 2002 with two lanes and a sidewalk on north side with a total length of 15.8 m., both the approach and deck surface are HMA pavement. Shunk Road Bridge is located east of Shunk Road, on Ice Circle Drive in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Big Bear Recreation Center, Neganagizhic Community Center and Pow Wow Grounds. Arch structure is precast concrete arch culvert constructed in 2002 with two lanes and a sidewalk on north side with a total length of 15.8 m., both the approach and deck surface are HMA pavement. North Shunk Road Bridge is located west of Shunk Road, on 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street in Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Bridge provides access to Figure 10th Street 10th Str

Law Enforcement and Casino Convention Center. Arch structure is precast concrete arch culvert constructed in 2002 with two lanes and a sidewalk on north side with a total length of 15.8 m., both the approach and deck surface are HMA pavement.

1.3 ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

Investments in infrastructure can directly impact economic and social development planning. Most important when considering that new or existing water, electricity, communications, sanitary lines, fiber lines and housing are usually dependent on design and investment in transportation facilities. The Tribe and Transportation Department are dedicated to sustaining and developing and operating infrastructure in a safe, equitable and sustainable manner. To further this purpose, the Department has worked collaboratively with various programs and departments to develop proposed RV Park conceptual drawings and conducted a preliminary planning session to research future options. Below we've provided conceptual drawings for future proposed projects.

Figure 23 Christmas Conceptual



Figure 22 St. Ignace Conceptual



Figure 25 Sault Conceptual



Figure 24 Manistique Conceptual



1.4 NON MOTORIZED TRANSPORTATION

1.4.1 MULTI-PURPOSE TRAILS and Paths

The Transportation Department has implemented the principals of Complete Streets and assisted with funding the development of a Tribal Non-Motorized Transportation Plan (NMTP). Off-street paths, trails and sidewalks should be built in all areas adjacent to roadways, parks and recreation centers.

The Tribal NMT planning process included a comprehensive stakeholder consultation process, evaluation of existing conditions, safety analysis, analysis of the route hierarchy, development of design guidelines, and implementation plan. The plan was designed to document the tribe's non-motorized transportation needs and to guide the tribe's investment decisions related to non-motorized facilities. The plan encompasses tribal areas including housing developments, schools, offices, casinos, and other tribal facilities. The plan was been developed in consultation with the tribal council, members of the Sault Tribe, and other stakeholders. Below we provide a picture showing one of our Tribal Non-Motorized Transportation facilities

Figure 26 Chi-Mukwa Nature Trail



1.1 SIDEWALKS

A proposed route network has been created to provide a comprehensive system of pedestrian and bicycle facilities covering each of the tribal communities, with connections to adjacent communities, trails, commercial areas, recreation centers, health centers, and other major destinations. The proposed route networks are shown in the following sections. Improvements to address the issues outlined in Section 2 are also provided. Whether each improvement for the proposed network is included within the local or MDOT non-motorized plan is also noted. In addition, an implementation plan has been prepared for the overall plan. Each row lists the issue, proposed improvement, points from the prioritization tool, cost level and suggested agencies to be included within the intergovernmental collaboration efforts.

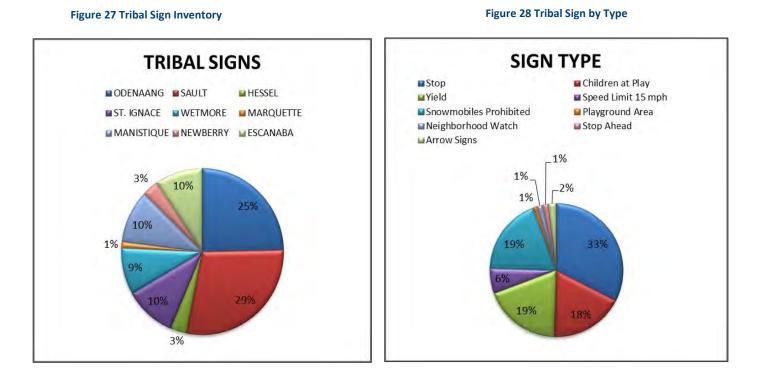
The prioritization matrix utilized within the NMTP and this plan is the same as was utilized in the MDOT Superior Region Non-Motorized Plan and Investment Strategy. This was done to ensure consistency between the Tribe's plan and the MDOT plan. The ranking criteria utilized are outlined in the NMTP and most levels were also estimated for each improvement. The five cost levels utilized within this plan are listed below. The cost levels include engineering and construction costs to implement each proposed improvement SIGNAGE

2.1 SIGNAGE

Since 2014, the Transportation Department has maintained an appropriate and good faith sign maintenance policy. The policy requires all that signs be replace with appropriate signs having minimum level of retroflectivity during reconstruction, new construction projects and general maintenance associated with the Department. Although, the Department did not have the resources or capacity to implement a blanket sign replacement method, the Department has maintained a standard of care to replace and install signs that did not meet a reasonable calibration.

1.1.2 SIGN INVENTORY

The Department manages and works collaboratively with internal tribal programs and divisions and external local units of government to ensure program requirements are met and that signs at all facilities are acceptable and meet standards established in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2009 edition. The multi-modal facilities (e.g. roads, trails) that comprise the Official Inventory of the Department include numerous signs; the table below provides the official inventory of signs located on or within the ROW of Tribal and/or BIA maintained facilities.



1.1 REFLECTIVITY AND SIGN RETROFELCTIVITY MAINTEANCE PROGRAM

Retroflectivity is defined as a type of reflection that redirects incident light (i.e., from headlights) back toward the source. Signs are made with retroreflective sheeting material that redirects headlamp lights/illumination back toward the vehicle. This makes the sign more visible at night for the driver.

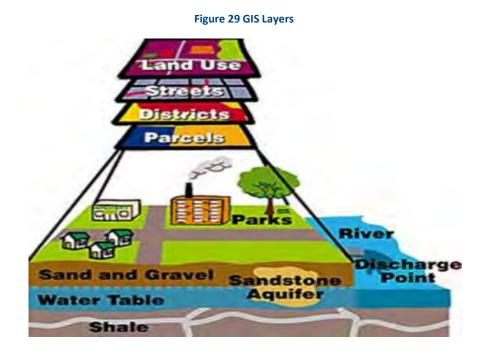
To advance a cohesive sign replacement initiative and effectively comply with new standards in the MUTCD, 2009 edition, and regulation (23, CFE 655 Subpart F) the Department will develop and implement a Sign Retroflectivity Maintenance Program (SRMP). The SRMP will apply and include all signs located on Tribal and Bureau of Indian Affairs roads, trails, bridges and other facilities. To be effective, all signs will be fabricated with retroreflective materials to illuminate signs at night, this is especially important for some of our most vulnerable members of our community, our elders.

2.1 **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM (GIS)**

Transportation Department began research nearly three years ago to acquire and utilize Arc Geographic Information System (GIS). This research focused on the feasibility and potential of incorporating ArcGIS into the planning and utilizing for the follow; mapping, land use management, data analysis, transportation route/inventory database.

This research led to the Department reaching out to the BIA Department of Geospatial to license ArcGIS Desktop and various other components. Further, we have conducted extensive review of hardware and system requirements. We have explored the training available from ESRI, the creator of ArcGIS, and cataloged the training courses available to us.

The department collaborated with the Environmental Department to provide on-site ArcGIS trainings from the BIA Department of Geospatial. Trainings for the Principles of GIS and Introduction to GPS with ArcPad where held in Sault Ste. Marie and Brimley for limited number of both departments and employees of the Bay Mill Indian Community Environmental Department. Additionally, the department entered into a cooperative agreement with Eastern U.P. Regional Planning & Development (EUPRPD) to create a Tribal GIS System that can be utilized by several tribal departments and programs. This program will include the drawing and creating datasets of Tribal Lands and Trust Parcels for Tribal use only. Additionally, this program will include an interactive map, called a Story Map, for the Tribe to use; figure 30 below provides a visual representation of potential map layers that can be develop from data.



GIS is used to answer questions about the world by allowing people to collect, organize, manage, analyze, communicate, and distribute information. GIS can be used to turn data into map features that can be used to better visualize the given data, and examine spatial patterns or relationships. Finally, Transportation was directed to facilitate of an interdepartmental committee on GIS that has met on several occasional in the past. The department intends on establishing a quarterly schedule for the committee to interact, share updates and coordinate on geospatial projects.

1.5 REGIONAL TRIBAL TRANSIT PROGRAM

2.1 TRIBAL TRANSIT PROGRAM

Public transportation improves quality of life by providing much needed mobility to those who need it or choose to use it. Public transportation helps connect people to health services, employment, schools, recreational activities, and provides choices to individuals who aren't able to drive. With the Tribal seven county area including: Chippewa, Mackinac, Luce, Schoolcraft, Alger, Marquette, and Delta Counties, the complex nature of implementing a cohesive transit collaborative network is challenging. This is especially so considering the varied and extensive services provided to Tribal and community members throughout the area.

These services include but are not limited to; health care, employment, and education, social, cultural and recreational activities. In addition, most services are located quite a distance from residential areas. Also, the service area is mostly low population densities and remoteness, and small urban "islands" surrounded by rural land. Although several local units of government and agencies located in the region currently provide a variety of transportation options, there are still extensive mobility needs that need to be met. The Transit Program and program administration will be managed by the Transportation Planner.

3.1 TRANSIT PLANNNING

The Tribe supported the investment of transportation funds to complete extensive research of the mobility options currently available within the Tribal service area. This research resulted in the Public Tribal Transit Implementation Plan, this Plan is a comprehensive Plan that covered over 19,061 square miles and included surveys, community input sessions, data analysis, transit provider surveys and transit provider one to one meetings. Several mobility options were identified and disseminated to assist the department and Tribe in enhancing the mobility options within the Tribal service area, with special emphasis on access to health, social services, employment, and educational services to enhance the general quality of life for members of the communities. The mobility options available include but are not limited to: implementation of a Tribal Transit Program, Regionally Coordinated Transit System or enhanced collaboration with current independent providers

The department is and will continue to work collaboratively with transit providers to identify potential strategies and opportunities for Tribal transit, mobility coordination, partnerships and collaboration to expand services and routes with the goal of promoting sustainability, cost effectiveness, and interconnectivity. The Plan also provided the Tribe with clear and defined processes and a strategic plan to accomplish the identified goals and objectives. The department has also dedicated expertise to developing and administration of project management services, data collection, research, meeting facilitation and inter-governmental scheduling. We anticipate that Tribal Regional Transit will be successful, with the strong commitment and support from our Board of Directors, Tribal Community and Transit Providers the Project is viable and sustainable. Further, the regional commitment and support of this Project was apparent with 24 Letters of Support, received for the departments Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Tribal Transit Grant Request. Letters were received from all the transit providers, along with a variety of State, City, County Commissions, Boards and Governments, Regional Planning Agencies, Social Services Agencies, Hospitals, Employers, Cultural Programs, Recreation Facilities, Downtown Development Authorities, Community Action Agencies and Road Commissions, Behavioral Health and Tribal Court.

Transit Programming will establish quarterly and annual meetings to promote regional collaboration that will promote and sustain partnerships while supporting expanded and reliable service. The Tribe and Department possess the experience and expertise to provide the oversight to administer various federal, state and local grants, projects and initiatives, including transit.

4.1 TRIBAL SCHOOL BUS ROUTES AND MAIL ROUTES

The tribe currently operates three education programs/departments, these include; Day Care Head Start, Bahweting School. Several of which provide public transportation. Head Start, which include early head start owns and operates three buses on a daily basis, with one bus available as needed. There are a total of six routes; with four provided in the City of Sault Ste. Marie and two provided in the City of St. Ignace. The total miles traveled for all buses on all routes are 134 miles per day. Bahweting School owns and operates 9 buses where one is kept as a spare. The schools have 6 regular routes and one longer route and the total miles traveled daily for regular routes is 364 miles and the longer route is 108 miles. The Tribe also operates a daily mail run between Tribal facilities and local business, the west mail run includes 18-19 Stops, 305-315 miles, with 6 hours spent driving and 2 hours pickup and delivery. 16 Stops are Grant Funded (GF) 3 are Enterprise (E). The south mail run average is 145 miles traveled each day with an average of 3.75 hours of driving and an average of 4 hours Pick Up and Delivery time. Roughly 44 stops each day, of those 44 stops 27 are Grant Funded (GF) or Partially Grant Funded (PGF) the other 27 stop are Enterprise (E). The bus and mail routes the Tribe conducts can be entered into the National Transit Database which would permit the tribe to report on the current services provide and receive assistance from the Federal Transit Administration grant.

5.1 ELDER AND HEALTH TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

The Transportation Department anticipates utilizing the Medical Transportation Toolkit and Best Practices developed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ^{vi} to develop a tribal Non-Emergency Medical Transportation initiative. This initiative will be in collaboration with strategic internal partners to ensure necessary transportation to and from providers, the use of the most appropriate form of transportation and Include coverage for transportation and related travel expenses necessary to attend medical appointments, as required under Tribal, Federal, State, Medicaid and Medicare laws and regulations.

We anticipate that services to provide transportation will include public transit, elder services transportation, community health transportation, buses, taxis, shuttles, vanpools, paratransit, cars, vans, rideshare and volunteers. Critical to the implementation and sustainability of NEMT will be due diligence in researching funding existing sources and obtaining funding for services. The initial phase of this process will begin with technical assistance provided by the Community Transportation Association of America (CTAA). The Transportation Department was awarded a Technical Assistance Grant to assist with developing a tribal NEMT and will begin the process within the next twelve months. Finally, the Transportation Department is fundamentally aware of the implication of implementing and providing NEMT service to our community members and sustaining the service. We believe it is best to choose a service design that will work best for the communities and ensure long term commitments from internal and external partners for the well-being of the members and community.

6.1 Federal Transit Administration

The Tribe has received a Federal Transit Administration, Tribal Transit Program Grant FTA-TTP Operating Funds to address the needs and recommendations identified in our Public Tribal Transit Implementation Plan (Implementation Plan). The purpose of the grant request was to assist with Start-up costs associated with the identified goals and objectives outlined in the Implementation Plan. With securing the grant funds, the Sault Tribe Regional Transit Project will provide needed resources to expand current provider services. This will ensure reliable and equitable access to public transportation for tribal members and community members in the seven county service area. Additionally, Transit Program will provide the opportunity to collaborate with current providers to expand current service with additional fixed routes and expanded schedules. These goals are being accomplished and will continue to strengthen the program into the future.

7.1 Community Transportation Association of America (CTAA) Technical Assistance Grant

The Tribe/Transportation Department was one of three tribes selected across the nation to receive a Community Transportation Association of America (CTAA) Technical Assistance grant to support the implementation of Tribal Regional Transit Project. Technical Assistance focus areas will include; Non-Emergency Medical Transportation, National Transit Database training, Website Development and Marketing Support.

8.1 FUTURE FUNIDNG AND GRANT OPTIONS

Michigan Department of Transportation has available a set aside Tribal Transit Grant. The Department intends to apply for funds in future funding cycles to support transit programing.

1.9 Safety

9.1 SAFETY PILOT STUDY

The AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety provided \$11,500 of seed funding to the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Transportation Department in 2012-2013 to begin the process of implementing usRAP. Using the AAA funds, the Sault Tribe was able to inspect 80 miles of roadway to develop Star Ratings and a Safety Investment Plan. The objective of the project was to demonstrate the effectiveness of usRAP within a tribal setting. The Sault Tribe was the first tribe in the Nation to complete and begin usRAP. This initial project included only a portion of the Tribe's roadway network but was completed successfully with the Bay Mills Tribal Community.

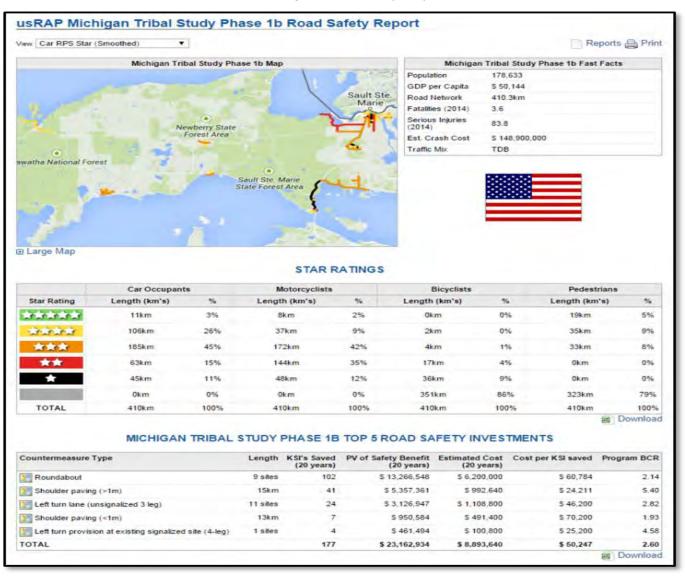
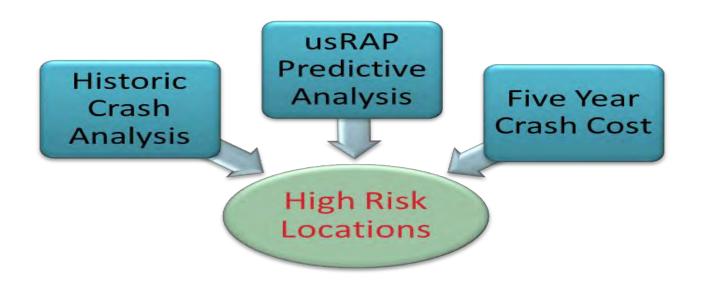


Figure 30 Tribal Safety Analysis

10.1 USRap SAFETY INVESTMENT PLAN

Following the completion of the usRAP Pilot, the Transportation Department requested and received two Federal Highway Administration Tribal Transportation Safety Grant (TTPSF) to expand the pilot study. These grant provided the opportunity to assess an additional 420 miles of roadway within the Tribe's network, including, MDOT, county, and city routes throughout the eastern Upper Peninsula (UP). The project involved adding 420 miles of roadway to the pilot study and resulted in a set of Star Ratings and a comprehensive Safety Investment Plan for the Tribe's entire roadway network. This project provided the opportunity to create a multi-disciplinary steering committee that allowed us to promote the effectiveness of usRAP to other Tribes.

Figure 31 usRAP Process



The benefits of this project included the identification of key emphasis areas, and identify safety issues and priorities activities. Also the project provided the opportunity to proactively implement preventative measures to reduce and prevent fatalities and serious injuries. The Tribe developed partnerships with tribal, federal, state, local and various other professions to draft a comprehensive Plan to priorities and guide future safety efforts. The Tribe collaborated with Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT), Michigan Technological University (MTU) which administers LTAP and TTAP, and Eastern Upper Peninsula Planning Association, which produce and manage Roadsoft data analysis tool utilized by MDOT and various tribes throughout the state.

The usRAP Safety Assessment Plan was multi-modal, data-driven and identified key emphasis areas with a focus on engineer, education, enforcement and emergency services. Safety strategies were identified throughout the Tribe's seven (7) county service area; which included Chippewa, Mackinac, Luce, Schoolcraft, Alger, Marquette, and Delta Counties. The following figures provide a look at the analyzed network in each of the eleven areas as well as showing the vehicular star ratings for each road.

Figure 32 St. Ignace Treatment Locations



St. Ignace - Treatment Locations

The usRAP provided an initial Based on a benefit-cost ratio for each proposed recommendation. The following two figures show Sault Ste. Marie and St Ignace (due to higher traffic volume and denser urban areas). It was noted by Opus International, that although no treatments were recommended for Lakeshore Drive, Chippewa County, despite having a high risk rating and a number of fatal and serious incapacitating crashes over the past five years. There is a need to conduct additional review by transportation engineering professionals to supplement or better guide the network screening process

Figure 33 Regional Safety Recommendations

Recommended Locations

Roads
Overall
County
Intersections
Overall
Overall

Figure 34 usRAP Analysis – Lakeshore Drive

Detailed analysis at high risk/high history locations



Data collection included digital video for selected roadways, and geo-referenced via an accompanying GPS data file or Google Streetview was utilized to collect the roadway feature data required. Data was of a high enough quality to identify all of the roadway features and attributes required to calculate a Star Ratings. Traffic volume data was also collected from local sources (e.g. MDOT, tribes, BIA, county road commissions, and rural task forces). Using the data collected, Star Ratings were calculated for each roadway segment. Star Ratings were calculated using the usRAP software package. Finally, this comprehensive study provided the data and information needed to prepare a Tribal Safer Roads Investment Plan. The Department, AAA Foundation and Opus International prepared and presented a half-day Final Presentation session to tribal officials, committee members and executive staff.

1.9.1 REGIONAL SAFETY PLAN

The Department recruited Opus International a professional consulting team to assist with developing a Regional Tribal Safety Plan. This far-reaching plan was funded by a grant received from the Federal Highway Administration Tribal Transportation Safety Grant (TTPSF). This Plan provided a foundation to collaborate, identify key areas of concerns and created a framework to accomplish identified goals and objectives with emphasis on all 4E's (Engineering, Education, Enforcement, EMS). The development of the plan was in coordination with MDOT State SHSP, and promoted a cohesive plan that will address identified safety issues

The Transportation Safety Plan is a comprehensive plan created by community members to address critical safety concerns, promote safety, prevent unintentional injuries, and strive for better quality of life. The Plan is unique to our communities, flexible, and utilizes the Four E's, Engineering, Education, Enforcement, and Emergency Response. Our Transportation Safety Plan provides a comprehensive framework for reducing fatalities and serious injuries on tribal, BIA and public road and was developed by the Tribal Transportation Department in a cooperative process with various tribal programs and divisions, including local, State, Federal, and private sector safety stakeholders. The Transportation Safety plan is a data-driven, comprehensive plan that established goals, objectives, and key emphasis areas that integrates the 4 E's – engineering, enforcement, education, and emergency services.

The Plan was developed with the communities to share the importance of safety and also to focus on what we can do to prevent loss of life and injury. Council Members, Staff, Elders, Youth Council and Community Members were needed and involved in the process of developing this Plan. The plan development last months and included community outreach, input sessions with our elders, youth and community members. The Plan also conducted a

comprehensive crash data analysis and analyzed safety data to help identify concerns. The facilitation aspect of the Plan development included;

- Meetings throughout the service area to identify where we were and where we want to be
- Identification of focus areas: PSA's, pedestrians, bicyclists, seatbelts, car seats, transit, texting and driving.
- Online survey
- Clarify and Prioritize goals, objectives and tasks

Finally, the Transportation Safety Plan includes our unique Vision, Mission Statement, and Goals developed with facilitated group sessions to categorize and review propose, ordinances and policies

1.1 REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

1.5.1 RAIL SYSTEM

The U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) executes federal regulations, promotes safety and works collaboratively with other federal, state and Tribal governments and agencies to promote intermodal transportation across the country. The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) Office of Rail oversees the systems, safety, and management of the rail facilities within the State of Michigan. The system comprises 665 miles of rail including freight and inter-city passenger service, with day to day operations contracted with Amtrak, Great Lakes Central Railroad, Huron & Eastern Railway, Indiana Northeastern Railroad, Lake State Railway and Norfolk Southern Railway. The Federal Rail Administration and MDOT Office of Rail have limited freight and passenger rail within the Tribal seven (7) county services area (see Figure 36). Passenger rail within the tribal service area is provided by MDOT Intercity Bus System with contract services provided by Indian Trails (see Figure 37). Rail Grade Crossings safety and site distance at crossings

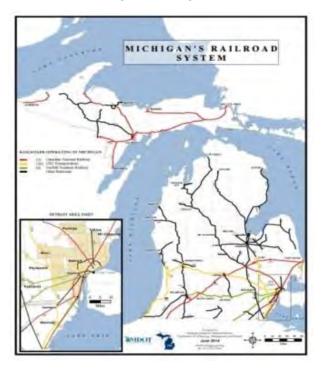


Figure 35 Michigan Rail Lines

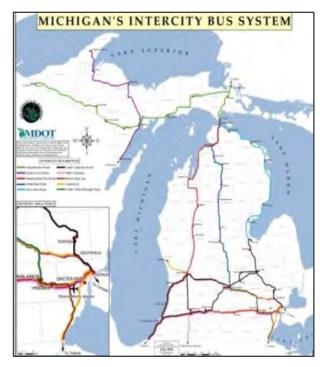


Figure 36 Michigan Intercity Bus System

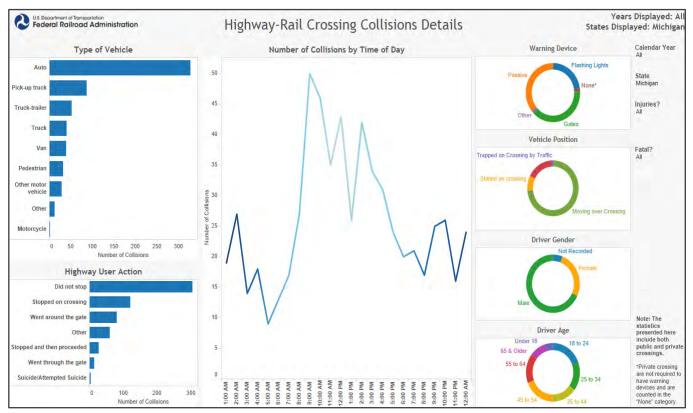


Table 5 - Federal Railroad Admin, Rail Crossing Collisions 2007-2017

Table 6 Federal Railroad Administration, Tribal Service Area, Collisions, Injuries, and Fatalities per crossing 2007-2017

Highway-Rail Crossing Collisions, Injuries, and Fatalities per crossing								
(Ranked by Number of Collisions 2007-2017)								
County	Collisions, Injuries an Fatalities	Route						
Alger	1	Munising Street						
Chippewa County	4	M-123,Biscuit Rd, Trombley Rd, Kincheloe						
Delta County	8*	Co.Rd 535/D Road, J.5. Road, Perkins 30.0 Road, J-31 Roa DD Road, South Hill Rd, Sportsman Club Rd, Daneforth F						
Luce County	1	Newberry Ave/M-123						
Mackinac County	1	South Gould City Rd						
Marquette County	2	Ski Hill Rd and a Private Crossing						
Schoolcraft County	2	Michibay Rd, M-77						

* Three incidents happened in Gladstone on separate crossings, three incidents happened in Escanaba on separate crossings, one incident happened in Bark River, and one incident happened in Rock.

1.6 Ferries

Across the Tribal seven county service area there are six vehicle and passenger ferry's that provide access to five pristine and historically significant islands. On the eastern region of the Upper Peninsula the Eastern Upper Peninsula Transportation Authority (EUPTA) operates the Drummond, Sugar and Neebish Island Ferries. On the north shore of Lake Huron, Shepler's Mackinac Island and Star Line provide access to Mackinac Island and in the central region of the U.P; the National Forrest Service provides a ferry service to Grand Island. A brief synopsis for each island and ferry is provided below.

1.6.1 GRAND ISLAND

Grand Island became a National Recreation Area in 1990 when the Forest Service purchased the Island from the Cleveland Cliffs Iron Co. The Forest Service has been improving camping sites and creating Mountain Bike trails throughout the island. The East Channel light, however, is only accessible by boat. Open Memorial Day to Labor Day. Visitors can get to the island via passenger ferry. The ferry departs from Grand Island Landing on the mainland, located on M-28, about 3 to 4 miles west of Munising's blinking light. Look for the Grand Island National Recreation Area signs.

1.6.2 SUGAR ISLAND

From Sault Ste. Marie you take the Sugars Island Ferry across the St. Mary's river to Sugars Island. Ferry leaves Sugar Island on the hour and half-hour, from 5:00 am till 2:00 am, then 3:00 am and 4:00am Ferry leaves Sault Ste. Marie mainland for the island on the quarter-after and quarter-before the hour. From 5:15 am till 2:15 am, then at 3:15 am and 4:15 am

1.6.3 DRUMMOND ISLNAD

From Detour Village you can catch the Drummond Island Ferry for your quick trip across to Drummond Island. Located in Sault Ste. Marie, the Sugar Island Ferry is your transport to Sugar Island. Operating 7 days a week, their schedules can accommodate your travel needs through the full year.

1.6.4 NEEBISH ISLAND

The Neebish Island Ferry leaves from Barbeau to Neebish Island 7 days a week. This schedule is seasonal during early spring, late autumn and winter months.

1.6.5 MACKINAC ISLAND

Both the Star Line, Shepler's Mackinac Island ferries provides access to Mackinac Island from mainland in downtown St. Ignace and downtown Mackinaw City.

1.7 Freight

The Tribe is situated in a geographical region that includes Interstate I-75, M-28, US-2, along with the Sault St. Marie International Bridge, Mackinac Bridge and Sault Locks. With the Interstate highway system managed by MDOT and Mackinac Bridge and Sault International Bridge both managed by independent Bridge Authorities



Figure 37 Michigan State Trunk-line System Map

The Sault International Bridge is noted as the largest international trade crossing in Northwestern Ontario^{vii} and provides direct access to the Trans-Canada Highway, I-75 and Michigan Highway 28 and Mackinac Bridge connecting to Michigan Lower Peninsula, Detroit, Chicago and Illinois. This freight corridor is critical to the local, regional and national economy and provides essential connections to promote and sustain movement of goods and services, tourism and all-purpose travel. Figure 39 below shows commodities moved by truck in the state of Michigan.

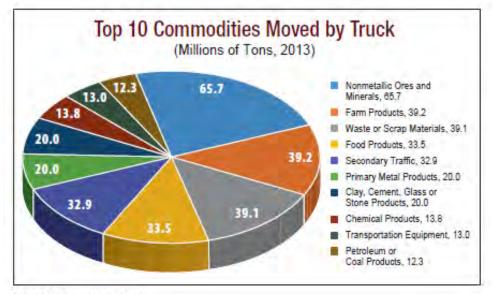


Figure 38 Michigan Top 10 Commodities - IHS Trasnearch Database

Transportation systems that are maintained, safe and accessible ensure economic growth and sustainability. For example, Mid-America Freight has stated that freight related employment within the State of Michigan is estimated at 914,440^{viii} In addition, freight is defined as goods and or items that are transported by commercial means (rail, truck, air, water).

The Sault Locks are critical to maintaining shipping industry connections within the Midwest and globally. Local officials have requested funds to complete proposed upgrades to the Soo Locks have been ongoing for several years. The impact of this project is critical to the local, regional and national freight and commerce is critical. The Sault Locks are managed by the Corp of Engineers, Detroit District Office. Below we've include an overview of the Sault Locks, provided by the Corp of Engineers^{ix}



Figure 39 Sault Locks

Source: IHS Transearch Database

The St. Marys River is the only connection between Lake Superior and the other Great Lakes. The water drops approximately 21 feet over hard sandstone in the span of $\frac{3}{4}$ mile, this area is called Bahweting. In 1797 the first lock on the St. Marys River was constructed on the north In 1855 the State of Michigan constructed the "State Lock" on the south shore of the river, and operated the locks for some time. As shipping traffic grew and vessel sizes increased it became apparent that a second, larger lock was needed. In 1881 the Weitzel Lock was built, this Lock was 515 feet long, 80 feet wide and 17 feet deep and had a lift of 20 feet. The Weitzel Lock design was different from other locks by filling and emptying water through openings in its floor. All future locks at the site used this type of innovation. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has operated and maintained the locks ever since. In addition, within six years, construction of the Poe Lock was started; this lock is 800 ft long and 100 ft wide, 21ft deep. Finally, the Davis Lock, Sabin Lock, Second Poe Lock and MacArthur Lock have been added to accommodate for boat sizes, shorten delays within the locks.

1.8 Marine Highway System

The America's Marine Highway System consists of our Nation's navigable waterways including rivers, bays, channels, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway System, coastal, and open-ocean routes. The Marine Highway Program works to further incorporate these waterways into the greater U.S. transportation system, especially where marine transportation services are the most efficient, effective, and sustainable transportation option.^x The Marine Highway Corridor connects commercial navigation throughout the Great Lakes. The M-90 Corridor includes Great Lakes and the Erie Canal, and connecting channels, ports, and harbor. The corresponding Marine Highway Corridor provides benefits to the region and offer virtually unlimited capacity between from Western Lake Superior to the East Coast by the Saint Lawrence Seaway.

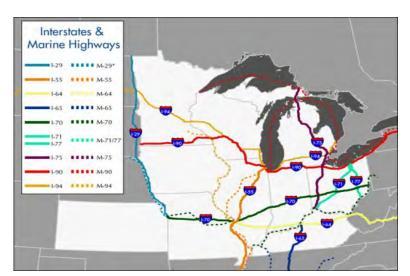


Figure 40 M-90 Marine Highway Corridor Connecting the Great Lakes

1.9 PORTS – INTERNATIONAL AND MICHIGAN

Great Lakes Seaway Shipping Chanel includes 900 miles of shoreline on Lake Superior and over 1000 miles on Lake Michigan. These shipping channels and the designated Marine Highway System encompass our tribal homelands and were once our primary mode of travel for trade and gathering. Figure 42 shows locations and functions of the ports located in Tribal service area and State of Michigan.



Figure 41 Functions of Michigan Ports Map

Further, the investment and long tern sustainability of our Great Lakes and the Great Lakes Seaway Partnership is critical to sustaining our livelihoods and promoting economic growth. Tables 7, 8 and 9 below show the economic impacts of shipping, investments and annual tonnage for each port in the Tribal Service Area.

Table 7 Great Lakes Seaway Partnership Economic Impacts -2010

Jobs	Personal Income	Business Revenue	Local Purchases	Total Taxes Paid
26,819	\$1.8 billion	\$3.8 billion	\$637 million	\$520 million

Table 8 Michigan Great Lakes Seaway Investments -2013

Invested in Michigan port, terminal and waterway infrastructure	
\$115 million	

Table 9 Michigan Great Lakes Seaway-Annual Cargo Tonnage

Port	Annual Tonnage	Major Cargoes Handled
Drummond Island	1,075,000	Limestone, iron ore
Escanaba	3,757,000	Coal, limestone, iron ore
Gladstone	104,000	Petroleum products, non-metal minerals
Grand Haven	751,000	Sand/gravel, cement, coal, limestone, salt
Marine City	567,000	Limestone
Marquette	1,023,000	Coal, limestone, iron ore
Presque Isle and UP	8,293,000	Iron ore, coal, limestone
Sault Ste. Marie	29,381	Non-metal minerals
Stoneport	6,304,000	Limestone, petroleum products, sand/gravel, clay ^{xi}

1.10 AIRPORTS

According to the Federal Aviation Administration, Airport Facilities data^{xii} there are 25 airports located within the seven counties that comprise the Tribal Service Area. The table below provides type, county, facility name and owner.

ТҮРЕ	COUNTY	FACILITY NAME	OWNER
Airport	Alger	Grand Marais	Grand Marais
Airport	Alger	Munising	Hanley Field
Airport	Chippewa	Barbeau	Franklin's
Seaplane Base	Chippewa	Drummond Island	Ashman Island
Airport	Chippewa	Drummond Island	Drummond Island
Seaplane Base	Chippewa	Drummond Island	Yacht Haven
Airport	Chippewa	Hulbert	Young's
Airport	Chippewa	Sault Ste. Marie	Chippewa County Intl
Airport	Chippewa	Sault Ste. Marie	Sault Ste. Marie -Sanderson Field
Airport	Delta	Escanaba	Delta County
Airport	Delta	Gladstone	West Gladstone
Seaplane Base	Delta	Rapid River	Ness Landing
Airport	Luce	Newberry	Luce County
Airport	Mackinac	Bois Blanc Island	Bois Blanc Island
Seaplane Base	Mackinac	Curtis	Read
Airport	Mackinac	Hessel	Albert J Lindberg
Airport	Mackinac	Mackinac Island	Mackinac Island
Airport	Mackinac	St Ignace	Mackinac County
Airport	Marquette	Ishpeming	Edward F Johnson
Airport	Marquette	Marquette	Sawyer Intl
Airport	Marquette	Marquette	South Fork
Airport	Marquette	Rock	Van Effen Fld.
Airport	Schoolcraft	Manistique	Schoolcraft County
Airport	Schoolcraft	Steuben	Bass Lake

Table 10 Tribal Service Area - FAA Airports and Seaplane Base

PART TWO LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN

This Long Range Transportation Plan for the Tribe consists of a comprehensive process established to meet current and future social, safety, health, economic development, tourism and employment needs. In addition, this LRTP identifies the tribal program and/or department responsible to perform all duties required to carry out the TIP and LRTP.

The recommended twenty year LRTP for the Sault Tribe includes planning, construction and maintenance programming that will meet current and future economic development, housing, health, safety and social needs of the communities within the seven county service area. The following sections provide detailed processes for prioritization, planning and implementation.

It is recommended that the Sault Tribe of Chippewa Indians formally adopt this LRTP and utilize it as the foundation for planning, programming and budgeting transportation funds.

5.1 MISSION, VISSION, & GOALS

The primary recommendation for the Transportation Department is the continued growth, development and sustainability of this Department within the Tribal governmental organization. The Transportation Department has experienced an exponential increase in programming, planning, grants and construction project management over the last seven (7) years. At this time the Transportation Planner has responsibility of the entire department and all project oversight, reporting and transit development. In addition, the Transportation Clerk will continue to participate in ArcGIS mapping, software and systems training to build the internal capacity of the Department and the Tribe.

The Transportation Department recommends that it function in the current manner, with the Transportation Planner having all administrative responsibility of the department, including but not limited to the following: construction project administration, grant research, management and writing, land use planning, road and bridge maintenance, planning and staff supervision. The Transportation Planner reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer, within the Accounting Department.

The mission for the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians' Transportation Long Range Plan is guided in part by the State of Michigan's Strategic Highway Long Range Plan but is designed to reflect the unique nature of the Tribe and the areas it serves and maintains. The mission is as follows:

Develop and improve a cohesive transportation system spanning our Tribal nation to ensure an environment that is safe, efficient, and welcoming for all our tribal citizens.

This mission supports the more general vision to work towards significant reductions in traffic fatalities, consequently reducing the prevalence of other crash severities as well. This vision is:

A sustained tribal transportation network in balance with our values that provides safety and accessibility for our Tribal Members.

The goals of the LRTP take the mission and vision a step further and tie them to specific targets for the plan in terms of real values or measureable targets. The following sections define the processes, potential goals and projects based on consultation with the community and Board of Directors.

3.1 LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION PLAN IMPLEMENTATION, UPDATING, AMENDING, REVIEW AND APPROVAL

This Long Range Transportation Plan is a compilation of studies and plans recently completed for the Tribe that reflect community needs, current requirements for the Tribe and Transportation Department and facilities. In addition, this LRTP describes the current community, facilities and social conditions and anticipated future developments. It is the intent that this LRTP will be reviewed, modified and updated on an annually basis.

To establish future LRTP updates, the Transportation Department recommends the future LRTP establish three primary groups for future transportation infrastructure improvements, these are; Short Range (0 to 5 years) Mid-Range (6 to 10 years), Long Range (11 to 20 years).

4.1 **UPDATING THE LONG RANGE PLAN**

The planning processes for the LRTP includes, but is not limited to the following steps:

- a. Monitoring existing conditions;
- b. Forecasting future population and employment growth;
- c. Assessing projected land uses in the tribal service area;
- d. Identifying problems and needs and analyzing, through detailed planning studies, various transportation improvements;
- e. Developing alternative capital and operating strategies;
- f. Developing a financial plan that covers operating costs, maintenance, asset management costs and new capital investments.

4.1 PUBLIC INVOLVMENT

Transportation Department will publish a public notice which will notify the public that the draft Long Range Transportation Plan is available for public review, input and recommendations. This will take place in early fall on an annual basis. When public comment and review has been completed and information compiled the appropriate changes, if any, will be incorporated into the final LRTP.

4.2 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OFFICIAL REVIEW AND APPROVAL

The Transportation Planner will present the draft TIP to the Board of Directors during an official Board Workshop. During this presentation and for the next two weeks, the Transportation Planner will gather input, guidance and recommendations from Board of Directors to incorporate into final LRTP.

Following the workshop presentation, the Transportation Planner will then prepare and present the final TIP and Resolution to the Board of Directors during a regularly scheduled meeting for official vote and approval by the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Board of Directors. The LRTP will then be sent to the BIA Midwest Regional Roads Program for review and approval.

5.1 **INVENTORY AND EXISTING TRIBAL ROADWAY SYSTEM**

The current Tribal Transportation Department facilities system is structured with the development of and cataloging of facilities within the Official Tribal Inventory Log (Log) and is the included in the BIA road system as part of the National Tribal Transportation Facility Inventory (NTTFI). Surface Transportation Systems and Facilities provide access to, through or within our Tribal lands and communities. Transportation Planning is critical in the development of and maintenance of the Log and included public facilities owned, constructed and maintained by the Sault Tribe, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), MDOT, Villages, Cities, Counties or Townships. The Inventory Log is reviewed an updated annually by Transportation Department staff to ensure accurate and current information is included in the Tribal TIP and LRTP.

1.6.6 GENERALIZED FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION

National Functional Classification (NFC) was developed by the Federal Highway Administration to structure traditional transportation planning and traffic engineering. Functional classifications group highways, expressways, arterials, collectors and local streets together into classes. The primary focus of classifications is to safely move vehicles and traffic by classifying roads by volume, capacity and level of service.

1.6.7 BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICAITONS

The Bureau of Indian Affairs

- Class 1-Major Arterial roads serving traffic between two large population centers and carry an averagee daily traffic exceeding 10,000 vehicles per day, and have more than two lanes of traffic.
- Class 2-Rural Minor Arterial roads -corridor between large population centers, or link smaller communities. Generally, designed for relatively high overall speeds, inter-county or inter-state service with average daily traffic on these roads less than 10,000 per day. 4.
- Class 3-City Local roads located within community boundaries and provide direct access to residential areas and adjacent lands.
- Class 4-Rural Major Collector roads-collects traffic from rural roads and provide service to larger towns or traffic generators such as powwow grounds, government services, stores, health clinics, airports, docks or other areas of importance not served by the higher systems.
- Class 5-Rural Local roads section line and or stub type roads that collect traffic for higher system roads or provide access to schools, tourism, farming areas or small enterprises and roads and motorized trails for forest, grazing, mining, oil, recreation or other similar purposes.
- Class 6-City Minor Arterial streets located within communities and serve as connections to a major arterial system.
- Class 7-City Collector streets-located within communities and provide access to local streets and service within residential neighborhoods.
- Class 8-Paths, trails, walkways and other non-road projects designated for public use by foot traffic, bicycles, trail bikes, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicles or other uses to provide for the general access of non-vehicular traffic.
- Class 9-Parking facilities adjacent to other transportation facilities such as routes and scenic byways, rest areas, and other scenic pullouts, ferry boat terminals, and transit terminals.
- Class 10-Airstrips that are within the boundaries of the IRR System grid and are open to the public. These airstrips are included for inventory and maintenance purposes only.
- Class 11-Overlapping routes, previously inventoried section or sections of a route and is used to indicate that it
 is not to be used for accumulating needs data. This class is used for reporting and identification purposes only.

6.1 **PRELIMINARY PROJECT PLANNING**

The Transportation Program facilitates and participates with various local, regional and national committees and initiatives to promote coordination and collaboration that will ensure equitable distribution of resources for our tribal members and communities. During conceptual design, developing PS&E the Transportation Program conducts hydraulic, geotechnical, ROW, Utility coordination, permits, environmental coordination and safety plans & analysis to ensure recommendations are included in the final design. The Program and all divisions/programs agree that repairs, reconstruction or construction of a facility is needed along with collaboration with our Cultural Division and key staff.

The Program ensures Engineering Design reviews are completed in a timely and thorough manner. Reviews include Project Team, internal and external review and comments are incorporated during development and final approval, review and input from local, regional or state unit of government that may be impacted. Final review and acceptance includes review and acceptance by Midwest Bureau of Indian Affairs Roads office, although the Tribe is allowed to approve plans, specifications and estimates we work collaboratively with the regional BIA to ensure PS&E

meet all state, federal assurances. During pre-construction the Program ensures that a Notice of Intent to Construct display ad is printed in local paper with public review and input of plans and project overviews. Contracting & Procurement.

Procurement includes drafting necessary Request for Bids (RFB), Request for Qualifications (RFQ) and Request for Proposals(RFP) are conducted in collaboration with the Sault Tribe Purchasing Department. Procurement involves an advertisement in a public paper and direct solicitation for RFB, RFQ and RFP. The Purchasing department conducts public bid openings at a location they determine appropriate. Transportation project team (Departments, Accounting, Programs, BIA, Purchasing, etc.), reviews bids and completes scoring and analysis, Transportation has established extensive construction contract management and oversight processes to ensure contract requirements are included in all RFB, RFP's and contracts to ensure potential consultants and contractors have the opportunity to review and accept the requirements prior to performing any work (notice to proceed). Processes for contracts modifications, change orders, liquidated damages, schedules, weekly reports, inspections, payroll reports and safety plans are included in general requirements section of RFB's and contract documents.

7.1 Tribal Transit Grant

The Tribal Transportation Program has been awarded numerous grants, these include; two Federal Highway Safety Administration Grants, Federal Transit Administration Tribal Transit Grant, Federal Highways Administration-Emergency Relief for Federally Owned Roads (ERFO) and Community Transportation Association of America (CTAA) Technical Assistance Grant.

The first grant was focused on expansion of a pilot program conducted with the AAA of Michigan, Opus International and Bay Mills Indian Community. This project/grant expanded the usRAP Analysis and safety study to cover our seven county service area, we've included the us RAP analysis/Project as Attachment E and the Sault Tribe Safety Plan as Attachment F. Michigan Department of Transportation has requested and is utilizing the Tribal Safety Plan as a model/good example for use with local units of government located in the lower peninsula of the State. At this time the Transportation Program is reviewing both the usRAP Analysis and Safety Plan to identify critical needs and review alternative sources of funding if necessary. Finally, The Tribal Transportation Program has implemented and maintains contract, planning, expenditure files and binders, these are available for review on-site.

The FTA Tribal Transit grant was received to implement the Regional Tribal Transit programing. Transit programming was initiated in 2014 with the drafting of the Transit Implementation Plan. The Transportation Department received ERFO funds to assist the Chippewa County Road Commission with the reconstruction and improvement of 1 ½ Mile Road, North Shore Drive, East Shore Road and West Shore Drive due to damages associated with the 2014 flooding event.

2.2 CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

The Transportation Department with the Legal Department has established a robust contracting, procurement and contract management system and processes to ensure the public, program and tribal members are better served through efficiency and project performance. Contract administration includes drafting and management of various documents that together, create project contract and each component in itself is critical to the successful completion of a project.

First, during conceptual design the Transportation staff ensures that all hydraulic, archeological, staking, surveying, geotechnical, ROW, utility coordination, permits, standard specifications, environmental coordination and safety plans & analysis are completed and intergraded into the final design. Staff ensures Engineering Design reviews are completed in a timely and thorough manner. Reviews are conducted by transportation, internal partners, BIA, local, regional or state unit of government that may be impacted.

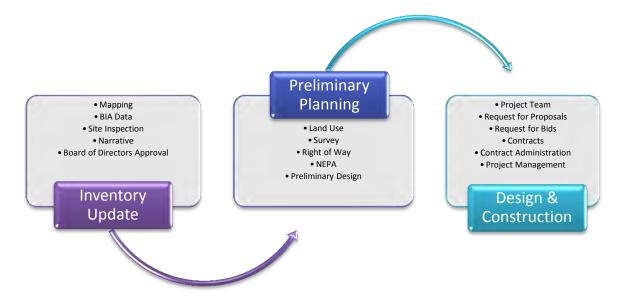
Final review and acceptance includes review and acceptance by Midwest Bureau of Indian Affairs Roads office, although the Tribe is allowed to approve plans, specifications and estimates, we work collaboratively with the regional BIA to ensure PS&E meet all local, regional, state and federal assurances.

Then procurement documents are drafted, these include; Request for Proposals (RFP), Request for Qualifications (RFQ), Request for Bid (RFB), Public Notice, Contractor Selection Criteria and Notice to Proceed. The Transportation staff ensures that needed services are competitively bid and procured following federal procurement guidelines. Procurement is conducted in collaboration with the Sault Tribe Purchasing Department to recruit firms and contractors specializing in planning, design engineering, inspection, construction and other specialized technical services and studies to perform services. Procurement includes a notice in a public paper to solicit firms or contractors that a Request for Bids (RFB), Request for Qualifications (RFQ) or Request for Proposals (RFP) is available for review and submission. The Tribal Purchasing department conducts public bid openings at a location they determine appropriate. During bid openings the Purchasing Department determines initial low bidder and review bid packets and document submittals.

Transportation recruits a team to conduct an evaluation; the evaluation includes, but is not limited to the following; scoring qualifications (schedule, employment plan, safety plan, debarment, subcontracting plan, references, experience, price, native owned preference) and unit price analysis (bid tabulation). Factors included in Bid Reviews include; comparison of bids against the engineers estimate, number of bids submitted, distribution or range of bids received, potential for savings if project is re-advertised, bid and unit prices, urgency of project, current market conditions/workload, unbalancing of bids (mathematical or material), which unit bid prices differ significantly from engineers estimate and other bids (is it justified), any other factors the tribe and transportation deem important.

Firms and contractors must submit all necessary contract submittals prior to performing any work and prior to receiving a Notice to Proceed from transportation staff. Processes for contract modifications, change orders, liquidated damages, schedules, weekly reports, inspections, payroll reports and safety plans are included in general requirements section in all contract documents and administered by the Transportation Planner.

Contract documents include; PS&E, Survey, Bid Packet, Geotech Studies, Easements, ROW, Insurance, Standard Forms, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, Special Conditions. Processes and contracts also include disbursement schedule, retainage, liquidated damages, schedule of payments and any exhibits, addenda or change orders.



5.1.1 DESIGN STANDARDS

All Transportation projects that include design will be designed in accordance with Tribal Transportation Department (TTP Program), BIA, FHWA, AASHTO, MDOT Design Standards, MDOT Drainage Manual, MDOT Standard Plans, Michigan Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, and any local standards within the governing community. All design will be completed in AutoCAD 2015 or a compatible version, scaled appropriately for the task, and use bearings based on true north.

Table 11 Trail Design Guidelines

Non-Motorized Design Feature	Design Guideline Source
All Pedestrian and Bicycle Signing	2011 Michigan Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MMUTCD)
Pedestrian Crossings – Markings	2011 MMUTCD
Pedestrian Crossings - Geometrics	MDOT Road Design Manual - 2004 AASHTO Guide for the Planning , Design and Operations of Pedestrian Facilities
Sidewalks and Multi-Use Paths	MDOT Road Design Manual - 2004 AASHTO Guide for the Planning , Design and Operations of Pedestrian Facilities
Bicycle Lanes - Geometrics	MDOT Road Design Manual - 2012 AASHTO Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities
Bicycle Lanes – Markings	2011 MMUTCD

To ensures facilities are designed and built to standards appropriate standards, the Department and al Professional associates support and encourage use of nationally recognized design standards or recommended practices of nationally recognized organizations such as AASHTO, ITE, Urban Land Institute (ULI), and Congress for the New Urbanism (CNU). Working within these established guidelines our community can focus on creating and supporting our communities to preserve and promote our Anishinaabe cultural and heritage while supporting initiatives that encourage healthy lifestyles with trails, sidewalks, bike routes and crosswalks.

8.1 SMART GROWTH AND COMPLETE STREETS

Smart growth is a transportation planning model that promotes the development and design of infrastructure. in a way that is dense and promotes safe walking, biking and transit access. Smart Growth strategies support safe, healthy, sustainable community development with the intent to increase social interactions.

Critical to Smart Growth is promotion of equitable investments with all communities by using Smart Growth Principles. Principles include: mix land uses, compact building design, promote a variety of housing opportunities and choices, walkable neighborhoods, encourage a sense of place for communities, preserve open space, farmland, natural beauty, strengthen and support existing communities with improvements and development, support transportation choices and multi-modal links (biking, walking, transit), and finally ensure that decisions are fair, cost effective. The Transportation Department supports Smart Growth planning by integrating strategies and principles within each phase of infrastructure development, including: Site Analysis and Discovery, Design & Development, Construction, and Project Close-out. Complete Streets is a way to plan and design infrastructure that's safe for all ages and all users by promoting walking, biking, transit, freight and driving (Multi-Modal) for streets and transportation facilities. Complete Streets initiatives are supported and endorsed by the Tribal Transportation Department and Tribal Council.

Additionally, the Tribal Transportation Department collaborates with State, Local, Regional and Tribal interjurisdictional departments to promote non-motorized projects and includes best practices and design elements of Complete Streets into all planning, design, new construction and reconstruction projects.

9.1 **GRANTS OF EASEMENTS AND RIGHT-OF-WAY**

The Department of Interior- Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) has fiduciary responsibility to protect tribal lands on behalf of Tribes and Tribal landowners. Most Tribal Right-of-Way (ROW) and easements are prepared by one of the following: Sault Tribe of Chippewa Indians Tribal Tax Office, Tribal Transportation Department or Regional BIA Transportation office. If the land is owned by the Tribe the ROW or easement is granted by the Tribe with a Tribal Resolution voted on by the Tribal Board of Directors. If the lands are held by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Midwest BIA Office will review and approve.

10.1 ART, CREATIVE PLACEMAKING, CULTURAL TOURISM & PRESERVATION (Public Act 247)

In 2017 ArtPlace America© published an analysis completed by a Arts & Culture team with Transportation for America called Art, Culture and Transportation a Creative Placemaking Field Scan. This work highlights the need for transportation and community development to integrate art and creative design into the planning process for infrastructure; this is usually referred to as Creative Placemaking.

In August of 2016 the Tribe formed a preliminary Tribal Workgroup to research potential options to integrate our Anishinaabe culture, language and history to promote a sense of place throughout our region. Our community was inspired by Michigan Public Act 247 (PA 247), sponsored by Honorable Senator Wayne Schmidt and fully supports implementing programing and begin joint discussions with local, regional, state and federal agencies to promote and share our coulter and use creative Placemaking along roadways, historical sites, multi-use trails and water trails. Our community envisions the Workgroup to include traditional knowledge keepers, council members, educators, executives, technical, elders, youth and cultural staff. Preliminary collaborative work has taken place with tribal Culture and Language Programs, Legislative Department, joint inter-tribal and governmental panels, Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT), United Tribes of Michigan and Michigan Historical Preservation Office. Transportation has started incorporating the ideas of the act into the design stage of projects.

Section 324.72117 defines the main objective of the act as the preservation and promotion of history of Native Americans while collaborating with local entities and reporting. State and Federal authorities will assist and promote partnerships to seek public and private funds, along with creating a master plan to promote and preserve the history of Native Americans. Signage will be promoted and recognized at places of significant history of Native Americans. Section 324.72114 is for the establishment of a statewide Pure Michigan trial system to accommodate public recreation. Along with modifying the trail system signage that promotes the history of Native Americans may be placed at sites that are significant to Native American history.

11.1 TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT

Transit Oriented Development (TOD) promotes the inclusion of transit facilities (bus stops, pick up lanes, etc.) in the planning and construction of transportation facilities. TOD principles include roadways and transit facilities for the safety of pedestrians and to promote connectivity and use of other modes of transportation, such as bike with bus mounted bike racks. TOD encourages placing transit stops in neighborhoods and downtowns so its accessible by walking, biking, car or other public transportation. Transit development is also best located close to employment centers, retail, commercial businesses and residential area's to ensure access and promote use

12.1 **INFASTRUCTURE PLANNING, DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT**

The Tribe and the Tribal Transportation Department through guidance from the Midwest Regional Bureau of Indian Affairs has followed established national, state, regional and local standards for planning, designing and constructing facilities. The most critical of the standards are listed below:

The Transportation Department ensures that all facilities are designed and built to standards allowed by nationally recognized design standards or recommended practices of nationally recognized organizations such as AASHTO, ITE, Urban Land Institute (ULI), and Congress for the New Urbanism (CNU). Working within these established guidelines our community can focus on creating and supporting our communities to preserve and promote our Anishinaabe cultural and heritage while supporting initiatives that encourage healthy lifestyles with trails, sidewalks, bike routes and crosswalks. Transportation planning involves the evaluation, assessment, and design of transportation facilities (generally streets, highways, sidewalks, trails, bridges, bike lanes and public transit). The planning process involves working collaboratively with stakeholders, peers and the community to define goals and objectives. Planning then moves to identify problems, generate alternatives, evaluate alternatives, and develop plans. This begins with the Official Inventory, each route (Road, Trail, Proposed, etc) in the inventory must have numerous several maps, a narrative and RIFDS data sheet drafted and submitted for each route. After a route is reviewed and accepted into the Official Inventory, the tribe has the ability to include the route in the TIP, which is updated annually with current priority projects. The TIP is updated annually with prioritized transportation projects; the identified projects reflect the needs and priorities of the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians. With a focus on equitable distribution of resources that accommodate existing and proposed land use in a safe, sustainable, respectful way.

Transportation Planning is dedicated to preserving our way of life while planning for future roads, bridges, trails, sidewalks, water trails, transit and safety needs and highlights coordination and collaboration by strategically bringing together various aspects of transportation to develop and manage our many multi-modal facilities and community needs. We must also be mindful of our membership and Tribes unique needs, we focus on protecting and enhancing the quality of life of our membership and communities. Inter-departmental and inter-governmental collaboration for design also strengthens our investments in infrastructure and the many transportation processes. The investment of time and resources to maintain collaboration will provide the opportunity to pool resources to collect and analyze data, conduct feasibility studies that will better prepare us to meet the health and safety of members, increase availability of safe and walkable communities and complete streets

5.1.2 PLAN SUBMITTAL AND REVIEW

Bureau of Indian Affairs and or Contract Engineers under Contract with transportation are responsible for all design submittals. Before the design phase begins, the archaeological and environmental approval applications must be completed and submitted to the BIA in order to obtain clearance. The first submittal will be the preliminary plan set which will be approximately 60% complete. The engineer's estimate of probable cost will be established from plan and miscellaneous quantities and will be prepared using MERL software. At this point in design, alternatives can be explored for cost savings alternatives and whether they would prove advantageous to the project. Engineer will also coordinate with utility companies in the event of any conflicts. It is standard design practice to send preliminary plans to the utility companies with facilities in the project's area of influence so they are aware of the project as early as possible.

An additional review will take place at 90% of the partially completed final plans which will have incorporated any review comments from the previous 60% plan review. Special provisions will be written for any pay items that are not included in the MDOT pay item code book as well as maintenance of traffic. All special provisions, specifications, documents necessary for bidding, standard plans, and the engineer's estimate will be included in draft form for the partially completed final plan submittal. This will give the reviewers the opportunity to incorporate changes to the plans and specifications prior to the bid letting. After review, a public meeting can be held to present the final design to interested or affected community members and address any concerns they may have. The 100% complete final construction plans and specifications will then be submitted for use in Bidding.

5.5 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING

The Department may contract with the regional BIA for services with a Retained Services Addendum or hire an outside engineering consultant to assist with Bidding, Construction Management, and Construction Monitoring.

The construction process begins with bidding the project through Sault Tribe Procurement utilizing specific Contract language prepared by Transportation and the technical bidding documents prepared by Consultant. When the bidding process is complete and a contractor has been chosen, then preconstruction meetings are held with the Tribe, BIA, Engineer, Contractor, local governing officials (if necessary), and affected utility company representatives. Further, the project team will ensure the public is aware of any project that will affect their day to day lives. Informing residents early about any accessibility issues due to a construction project is vital to ensure the project is successful for everyone involved.

Construction observation is generally conducted on a full time basis in accordance with MDOT's current Standard Specifications for Construction, the Materials Sampling Guide and the final construction plan set. Progress meetings are held throughout construction to keep the Project Team up to date on construction activities and schedules with the onsite inspector compiling daily diaries, sketches, logs, and records consistent with MDOT practice as may be needed to record the Contractor's progress. Onsite inspector also conducts observation of the Contractor's field construction work, provide quality control, and verify substantial conformance with the Specifications and Plans. Pay request are generally produced bi-weekly (project dependent) to the Contractor based on work completed.

In addition, testing is performed and recorded for any material requiring compliance to MDOT specifications including but not limited to: sand subbase, crushed aggregate base material, HMA, and concrete. Finally, construction files will be kept and will include IDR's, work orders, contract modifications, construction item and tested material records, weekly progress reports, authorizations, time extensions, shop drawings and all correspondence. When a construction is complete, as-built surveys of the project area are completed by Engineer for use by the Tribe, as-builts are provided in both AutoCAD and pdf format.

13.1 **PROJECT PRIORITIZATION**

1.1 CRITERIA AND EVALUATION MEASURES

The Transportation Department will use the following criteria and evaluation measure to guide the prioritizing of projects

ROAD CONDITION PASER RATING POINTS		
Description	Condition Rating / Points	
No Maintenance	9 & 10	
Little or no maintenance	8	
Routine Maintenance, crack sealing, minor patching	7	
Preservative treatments (sealcoating)	5 & 6	
Structural improvement (overlay, recycling)	3 & 4	
Reconstruction	1 & 2	
	SCORE	

The safety category is intentionally non-specific. The Transportation Program and/or Workgroup can decide what level of calculations/comparisons and the format for each project. In circumstances where public safety would be jeopardized by not taking immediate action Transportation Program and/or Workgroup may use observation to provide points and include comments.

The Tribal Transportation Program utilizes Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) Pavement Surface Evaluation and Rating (PASER) system and Roadsoft condition rating system. This system will be used to rate facilities in the TIP. <u>Traffic Volume: Average Daily Traffic (ADT) volume will be reviewed and incorporated into the</u>

<u>Safety analysis if ADT's are available for the route/road.</u> Additionally, the Transportation Planner may add comments regarding bicycles, transit or pedestrians since these categories are not individually addressed in ADT. If ADT counts are not available for project sites the Transportation Planner use Audits, observation and/or provide comments.

Project should demonstrate a correlation between the proposed improvements in vehicle and/or pedestrian/bicyclist safety. Examples of improvements may include: reduction of accident rates and/or accident severity; sidewalks, trails, rumble strips, striping. reduction of accident rates and/or accident severity; sidewalks, trails, rumble strips, str, crosswalk implementation, signalization; and speed reduction and actions that increase safety.

SAFETY		
Category		Points
Crash frequency and severity		1
usRAP analysis		2
Safety Plan		4
In circumstances where public safety would be jeopardized by not taking immediate action the Transportation Department may use observations to provide points and include comments		6
SC	ORE	

REGIONAL / COMMUNITY BENEFITS	
Criteria	Points
Provides critical connection between 2 or more areas such as Tribal Housing and a Health Center, Education Center or downtown	1
Service Improvements (maintain and extend the level of service), (enhance mobility, access, or preservation)	2
Serves a significant employment center such as a Casino, Health Center, Clinic or other employer	4
Benefits economic development, neighborhoods, or Tribal residential areas or other regional public facilities such as hospitals, schools, parks or cultural centers	6
SCORE	

ALTERNATIVE TRANSPORTATION	
Category	Points
Provide a bicycle or pedestrian facility which forms part of a larger pedestrian or bicycle system; or improving the accessibility to/from a transit station, transit.	1
Shelters, access to bus stops, sidewalks, crosswalks, lighting, median refuge, signage, connectivity of multi-use paths , inclusion in the NMTP and/or Transit Plan	2
Bicycle racks, lights, signs, and waterways.	4
In circumstances where public safety would be jeopardized by not taking immediate action Transportation Program and/or Workgroup may use observation to provide comments.	6
SCORE	

TRAILS, SIDEWALKS, MULTI-MODAL PATHS	
Criteria	Points
Has support based on public outreach or a public participation meeting	1
Included in Non-Motorized Transportation Plan, Safety Plan or Transit Plan	2
Sustainability / longevity of improvement	4

Benefits economic development, neighborhoods, or Tribal residential areas	6
SCORE	

Funding may be used for Cooperative Agreements with local, regional, state governments and agencies. This category reviews projects that promote one or more of the following

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS	
Criteria	Points
Benefits special needs of a Tribal Community and / or underserved/under-represented area	6
Sponsorship by multiple Divisions, Programs or Officials	4
Has support based on public outreach or a public participation meeting	2
Anticipated economic benefits	1
SCO	RE

14.1 **PRIORITIZATION PROCESS**

The Transportation Department will use the following scoring criteria to rank projects for inclusion into the annual Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP). The TIP is a multi-year project plan that established projects that the Tribe has identified as important for capital improvements. Project evaluation and prioritization consists of the following three (3) steps: Step 1- Project Identification Step 2- Project Screening; Step 3- Project Evaluation and Technical Review.

Step 1- Project Identification; the first step in the process is to identify the pool of active and potential projects that are candidates for evaluation and prioritization. For each yearly TIP update cycle, projects are identified by Transportation staff based on information and input from a variety of sources.

- Projects Identified within the Tribe (Departments, Programs, Officials, Membership).
- Projects committed through the existing plans (safety, non-motorized, transit).
- · Projects committed through existing cooperative agreements
- Projects submitted by local or state agencies within the service area
- Annual listing of safety, operational or enhancement projects, etc.

Step 2- Project Screening; potential projects are screened by Transportation staff to determine each project's basic feasibility. Key considerations include local support and potential engineering problems posing significant obstacles to project implementation. The screening of each project is to address the following.

• Projects are reviewed for consistency with Tribal transportation plans and land use growth plans.

• The project has any known or documented constructability, implementation or community support problems affecting project implementation.

This review process will be used to determine whether to move a project forward. Previously supported projects in the existing TIP may be re-evaluated in light of the current planning environment.

Step 3- Project Evaluation and Technical Review; the general approach for evaluating projects for inclusion in the TIP involves assessing each project against the set of goal-based criteria and using the results in determining project importance. This preliminary evaluation is completed by Transportation staff.

• Projects listed receive both project evaluation and technical review considered the first step in this process.

• Other projects are evaluated based on the goals and objectives of the LRTP and appropriate technical data and criteria for the project.

• The technical evaluation of a project is designed to be objective measures using data readily available (if available for project site).

Figure 42 Project Review Sheet

PROJECT PRIORITIZATION

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM 2017 COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS PROJECT SCORE OVERIVEW

Project Name Location/Description: Estimated Start Estimated Start Date:

Traffic Volume	
Safety	
Alternative Transportation	^ * -
Regional Community Benefits	
Trials Sidewalks Various	
SCO	RES

	S) Points	_
Condition Rating	Description	Points
1.0 - 5.0	Poor	6
5.1-6.0	Fair	4
6.1 - 7.0	Good	2
7.1 - 10.0	Excellent	0
-	SCORE	1.72

ADT	ADT Points
10,000 +	6
7,500 - 9,999	4
5,000 - 7,499	2
0 - 4,999	1
	SCORE

Safety	
Category	Points
Crasu C	6
	4
Jatery	2
In circumstances where public safety would be jeopardized by not taking immediate action Transportation Program or Workgroup may use observation to provide points and include comments.	ī
SCOR	7

Category	Points
Provide a bicycle or pedestrian facility which forms part of a larger pedestrian or bicycle system; or improving the accessibility to/from a ransit station, transit.	6
Shelters, access to bus stops, pedestrian sidewalks, crosswalks, lighting, median refuge, signage, connectivity of multi-use paths and inclusion on the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan and/or Transit Plan	4
Bicycle racks, lights, signs, and waterways.	2
In circumstances where public safety would be eopardized by not taking immediate action Fransportation Program and/or Workgroup may use observation to provide comments.	1
SCORE	

Criteria	Points
Provides a critical connection between 2 or more areas such as Tribal Housing and a Health Center, Education Center or downtown	6
Service Improvements (1.Maintain and Extend the level of service, 2.enhance mobility, access, or preservation)	4
Serves a significant employment center such as a Casino, Health Center, Clinic or other employer	2
such as a Casino, Health Center, Clinic or	2

Criteria	Points
Has support based on public outreach or a public participation meeting	6
Included in Non-Motorized Transportation Plan, Safety Plan or Transit Plan	4
Sustainability / longevity of improvement	2
Benefits economic development, neighborhoods, or Tribal residential areas	1

15.1 NON-MOTORIZED TRANSPORTATION RANKING MATRIX AND PROCESS

Hessel	Improvement	Local Plan	MDOT Plan
1a. Lack of Sidewalks in Housing Development	 Construct sidewalks to N. Opaming Drive Construct sidewalk connection between N. Opaming Drive, health center and casino. 	No	No
1b. Lack of non-motorized connection with the Village of Hessel	 Provide one of the following alternatives for Three Mile Road between the tribal community and the Village of Hessel: An off road non-motorized trail – preferred, Paved Shoulders 	No	No
1c. No link between the campground and the casino	 Add marked crossing on Three Mile Road across from casino. Move crossing closer to Casino, currently has limited visibility for northbound drivers. Add sidewalk link to the west side of Three Mile Road between campground and crossing 	No	No
Kincheloe	Improvement	Local	MDOT
2a. Lack of Sidewalks & High Speeds	Add sidewalks proposed within the Kinross Non-Motorized Plan.	Yes	No
2b. Narrow sidewalks in the housing area	 New sidewalks – sidewalks five ft wide Existing sidewalks – When reconstructing build five ft sidewalks. 	No	No
2c. Crossing Country Club Lane to access Dukes Lake	 Provide a marked crossing across Country Club Drive at Blueberry Road. 	No	No
2d. Limited non-motorized connections with Community Center & Commercial Areas	 Add non-motorized connections proposed within the Kinross Non-Motorized Plan. 	Yes	No
2e. High Speeds in Housing Development	 Conduct a traffic calming study within the neighborhoods to determine its feasibility. 	No	No
Manistique	Improvement	Local	MDOT
3a. Limited non-motorized link between housing area & casino/health center	 Provide one of the following alternatives for River Road between the tribal community and US-2: (Off road non- motorized trail – preferred or Paved Shoulders) Would connect with existing paved shoulders on US-2 between River Road and casino/health center. Evaluate opportunities to improve transit service between housing area and casino/heath center. 	No	No
3b. No sidewalks and trails around casino/health center	 Construct sidewalk linking the health center and casino. Construct trail loop on the casino/health center site. 	No	No
3c. Lack of Sidewalks & High Speeds in Housing Dev.	 Construct sidewalks within the housing area. Conduct traffic calming study within neighborhoods to determine feasibility. 	No	No
Munising	Improvement	Local	MDOT
4a. Lack of Sidewalks in Housing Development	 Build sidewalks within the housing area. 	No	No
4b. No connection between the Casino and Regional Trails	 Build connection between the casino and regional trails such as the North Country Trail. 	No	No
Newberry	Improvement	Local	MDOT

Table 12 Non-Motorized Transportation Ranking and Cost Levels

5a. Lack of Sidewalks in Housing Development	 Build sidewalks within the housing area. 	No	No
5b. Children walking in the Health Center parking lot.	 Build a fence between the playground and parking area. Build a sidewalk connecting Zeez-Ba-Tik Drive and the playground behind the Health Center. 	No	No
Sault	Improvement	Local	MDOT
6a. Lack of Sidewalks & High Speeds in Tribal Housing Dev.	 Build sidewalks within the housing areas. Build sidewalk along Ice Circle Drive Conduct a study to determine the feasibility of doing traffic calming in housing areas along Shunk Road and Ice Circle Drive. Implement proposed Odenaang Development Plan's non-motorized connections. 	No	No
6b. Non-motorized access and safety on Shunk Road near	 Install continuous sidewalk along east side of Shunk Road in front of casino 	Yes	No
casino	 Build improved separation between sidewalk and roadway near Mid-Jim. 	Yes	No
	 Install gateway treatments on Shunk Road north and south of casino to manage speeds. 	No	No
	 Provide bike route on Shunk Road 	Yes	No
	 Provide a crossing on Shunk Road near the casino. Provide a pedestrian refuge at crossing. 	No	No
6c. Limited non-motorized connections to Health Center	 Install proposed trail along Ashmun which is outlined in City's non-motorized plan 	Yes	No
6g. Pedestrian safety near JKL Bahweting School	 Provide sidewalk on north side of Marquette between school and Shunk Road. 	Yes	No
6e. Pedestrian crossings in casino parking lot	 Remove stop signs and provide raised crossings. 	No	No
6f. Pedestrian safety in alley behind administration building	 No suggestions 	N/A	N/A
St. Ignace	Improvement	Local	MDOT
7a. Lack of sidewalks & high speeds in housing areas	 Provide sidewalks within the housing areas. 	N/A	No
7b. Pedestrian crossing near casino	 Build sidewalk connections to the housing area along Spring Street and Dickenson Street. 	N/A	No
7c. Limited bicycle facilities on I-75BL north of Downtown St. Ignace.	 Utilize a road diet to convert I-75BL from a four lane roadway to a three lane roadway. Provide bicycle lanes as part of road diet. 	No	Yes
7d. Limited non-motorized connection between Housing & Mid-Jim.	 Improve signing and markings for pedestrian crossings. 	No	No
7e. Limited pedestrian connection between casino & housing area.	 Provide an opening/gate in the fence for residents to cross between housing area and casino area. 	No	No
7f. Limited pedestrian facilities connecting Health Center to sidewalk on I-75BL	 Provide a sidewalk connecting the front door of the Health Center to sidewalk on I-75BL. 	No	No

5.2 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PLAN (TIP)

The TIP is a financially constrained plan which outlines the transportation projects planned for a five year period. The TIP is updated annually.

The process outlined in this section provides guidance and direction to complete the annual Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP). This documentation should be updated annually and provided to the Bureau so as to increase our level of communication with their representatives.

Figure 43 Project Detail Sheet

Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Tribal Transportation Program 2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

	=-=-		 		
Project Title: Sidev	walks		Transporta	tion Program Pri	iority:
Funding Source: 7	Fransporta	tion Program	Transporta	tion Committee	Priority:
Cost Estimate: \$			Single or M	Multiple Year:	
Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost					

Project Description

Design and construction of sidewalks throughout the site. Including multi-purpose trails.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Critical safety concerns presented at community sessions by tribal staff and membership. Data from safety studies.

Project Status

Pending

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

No impact on future operating costs

Additional Comments

Transportation highly recommends for safety and mobility of residents and staff.

					Iribal Tr	Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan	rovement P	an					
Priority	BIA Route #	Section	Project Length	Year of Constr	Roa d Name Location (Start and End Points)	All Planning, Prelim Eng., Arch, Env., ROW Activities will be included as TOTAL PE costs per Project	i Eng. Arch, ies will be L PE costs ct	S	Construction	Construe	Construction Engineering	Other	Total
					Description of Work	E stimated WholHow Work	Bne	Estimated Cost	Whotebw Work Done	Estimated Cost	Who/How Work Done	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost
1					Bahweting Drive Locator: Saut Ste. Marie, Michigan								
					- i		-		-	- 1	0		
	2164	810	1.00	2018	-	\$ 20,000 Self G	Self Governance \$	250,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	330,000
7					JK Lumsden Way		3						
	ľ				Locatori: Baut Bie. Maffe, Michigan Dear Reconstruction of existing paged road with curb								
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					I ocation: Enoliticate Michinan								
	Ĺ				Descr. Design and construction new road								
	2025	810	0.20	2018	Enoutette Harhor	S 20 000 RIAC	RIAGelf Gov S	50.000	RIA/SelfGov	S 50000	RIA/Salf Gov	S 10.000	S 130.000
4					Tribal Health Center Lot and Entrance								
					Localtion: Sault Ste Marie, Michigan								
	Ī				- 1			1					د د
	2007	9	2.00	2018	-	\$ 20,000 Self G	Self Governance \$	50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 4,410	\$ 124,410
9					Escanaba Tribal Housing Roads								
					Location: Escanaba, Michigan								
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	5703	6	02	2018		20,000			-		-	- 00 00	
	5705	810	0.1	2018	-	S 20.000 Self G	Self Governance S	20,000	-	\$ 20.000	-	S 1000	5 61.000
	5704	810	02	2018		20,000	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1,000	
	2033	810	03	2018	Hessel Pow Wow Entrance and Trail	\$1,000 Self G	Self Governance	\$1,000	Self Governance	\$1,000	Self Governance	1,000	5 1,000
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-					Church Di Innesso								
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:		:			(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Road Maintenance)	\$ 5.000 Self G	Self Governance 5	1.000	Self Governance	S 1.000	Self Governance	1.000	\$ 8,000
¥	¥	¥	≸	2018									
					Inbal Lansit	5 5.000 Self G	Self Governance 5	1,000	Self Governance	\$ 1.000	Self Governance	5 1.000	2000

16.1 2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP) Projects

The following tables outline the 2018-2022 TIP.

					Tribal Tr	ansportati	Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan	Plan					
Priority	BA Route #	Sector	Project Length	Year of Constr	Roa d Name Location (Start and EndPoints)	All Plannir Env. RO included	All Planning, Prelim Eng., Arch, Env., ROW Activities will be included as TOTAL PE costs per Project	3	Construction	Construc	Construction Engineering	Other	Total
					Description of Work	Estimated Cost	WhoHow Work Done	Estimated Cost	WhoHow Work Done	Estimated	Whothow Work Done	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost
-					Tribal Health Center Lot and Entrance								
					Localtion: Sault Ste Marie, Michigan								
					Desc: Turnlane, entrance, loop, parking								S
	2002	ę	2.00	2019	_	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 88,410	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	\$ 218,410
2					Escanaba Tribal Housing Roads								
					Location: Escanaba, Michigan								
					Desc: Desing, Reconstruction, curb, gutter, sid ewalks								
	5703	80	62	2019	日東	\$ 20,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 100,000	BMSelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 10,000	\$ 180,000
	5705	8	5	2019	Wigob	\$ 20,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 100.000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	S 10.000	S 180.000
	5704	80	62	2019	Willow Creek Road			\$ 100,000		\$ 50,000			\$
~					Shunk Road								
					Looation: Saut Ste. Marie, Michigan								
					Desc: Redesign los Cirde to Casino Ring Rd								
	5013	8	62	2019	Shunk Road	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	\$ 180,000
4					Chippevia County Cooperataive Agreement								
	9 4 8	8	0;0	2019		\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000		\$ 10,000	\$ 130,000
-					City of Manistique Cooperative Agreement						Self Governance		
	3060	8	500	2019	Manisique ORV Connector	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	\$ 70,000
¥	¥	¥	¥	2019	TTP Transportation Planning								
				2019	Safely	\$ 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	\$ 13,000
				2019	Winter Maintenance System Planning					\$ 1000	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	\$
				2019		\$ 1.000		S 1000		S 1000		S 1000	s
				2019				S 1000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	S 1000	2
				2019	Placemaking Cultural Tourism					\$ 1000		S 1.000	\$
¥	¥	¥	¥	2019									
					(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Transit)	S 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	\$ 4,000

					Tribal Tran	Isportation	Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan	Plan						
Priority	BIA Route #	Sector	Project	Year of Constr	Road Name Location (Start and End Points)	All Planning, Env, ROWI included as	All Planning, Prelim Eng., Arch, Env., ROW Activities will be included as TOTAL PE costs per Project	8	Construction	Construe	Construction Engineering	Other	Total	
					Description of Work	Estimated V	Whohew Work Done	Estimated Cost	Whohew Work Done	Estimated	Who/How Wolk Done	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost	
-		-		-	Shunk Road									
		_	-								3			
	5013	8	8	200	Shunk Road	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	\$ 250	250,000
2					Hessel Housing (Nopaming Drive) Sidewalks									
					Location: Hessel, Michigan									
					Desic Mill & overlay existing paved road, sidewalks, trails									
	5205	9	8	200	-	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	\$ 250.	250,000
~					East 10th Street									
					Location: Saut Ste. Marie, Michigan									
					Desc: Redesign Reconstruction									
	2009	9	<u> 6</u> 0	2020		\$ 50,000	BIA/Self Gov	\$ 100,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 50,000	\$ 250,	250,000
4					Casino Ring Road Expansion									
					Location: Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan									
					Desc: Redesign Reconstruction									
	2004	9	050	2020		\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 100,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 50,000	\$ 250,	250,000
5					Chippevia County Cooperataive Agreement									
	5041	8	0.10	2020		\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	\$ 200	200,000
•					City of Sault Ste. Marie Cooperative Agreement									
	5071	8	0.10	2020	-	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	\$ 200	200,000
-					City of Manistique Cooperative Agreement		1							
	3080	_	-1			\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 50.000	Self Governance	\$ 50.000	Self Governance	\$ 50.000	S 200.	200.000
¥	¥	¥	¥	88	TTP Transportation Planning									
				2020	Saéty	S 10.000	Self Governance	\$ 1.000	Self Governance	\$ 1.000	Self Governance	S 1.000	S 13.	13.000
				2020			Self Governance		Self Governance			S 1.000		13.000
				200		\$ 10.000	Self Governance				Self Governance			13.000
				200		10.000	Self Governance	\$ 1.000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	\$ 1.000	S 13.	13.000
				2000		6,410	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance		Self Governance	\$ 1,000		9,410
¥	¥	¥	¥	2020	TTP Road Maintenance							s .		
						\$ 1.000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	S 1000	Self Governance	S 1.000	S 4	4.000
¥	¥	¥	₹	8										
					(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Transit)	\$ 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 100	Self Governance S	\$ 100	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	\$	4,000

					Tribal Tran	Isportation	Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan	Plan					
Priority	BA Route #	Sector	Pro ject Length	Year of Constr	Road Name Location (Start and End Points)	All Planning, Env, ROW, included as	All Planning, Prelim Eng., Arch, Env, ROW Activities will be included as TOTAL PE costs per Project	8	Construction	Construc	Construction Engineering	Other	Total
					Description of Work	Estimated	WhoHow Work Done	Estimated	Who/How Work Done	Estimated	Who/How Wolk Done	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost
-					East 10th Street								
					Location: Saut Ste. Marie, Michigan								
					Desc Redesign Reconstruction								
	2009	9	6.0	2021	East 10th Street Redesing and Reconstruction	\$ 50,000	BIA/Self Gov	\$ 100,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 20,000	\$ 220,000
2					Casino Ring Road Expansion								
					Location: Sauft Ste. Marie, Michigan								
					Desc: Redesign Reconstruction								s .
	2004	9	02	2021	Casino Ring Road Expansion	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 100,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIASelf Gov	\$ 20,000	\$ 220,000
0					Sauft Elders Entrance and Lot								
					Location: Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan								s.
					Desc: Design Construction								
	2172	9	0.1	201	Sault Elders Entrance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	\$ 220,000
4					McCann Entrance & Lot								
					Location: St. Igna.ce, Michigan								
					Desc: Design Construction								
	5220	9	6	202	McCann	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 25,410	\$ 225,410
5					Chippe via Country Cooperataive Agreement							No. of Lot of Lo	
	5021	8	100	2021	Country/Club Drive	\$ 10,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
•	5008	9	90	2021	Saultuer Drive Sidewalks	\$ 10,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	Self Governance	-		\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
						\$ 1,000	Self Governance		Self Governance	\$ 1,000	SelfGovermance		
-	102	2:	2:		Wa Seh Drive Resurtacing of existing paved road								
¥	¥	¥	¥	į.	I IP I ransportation Planning	_	-				_		
				ğ	Safety		1			69	Self Governance	-	S 40.000
				ġ	Winter Maintenance System Planning	S 10.000	Self Governance	S 10.000	_	S 10.000	Self Governance	S 10.000	
				53	GG Mapping and Land Use		-	\$ 10.000	-	S 10.000	Self Governance	-	S 40.000
				ġ	Long Range Transportation Plan	S 10.000		S 10.000	!	S 10.000	Self Governance	-	S 40.000
				<u>5</u> 6	Placemaking Outbural Tourism	\$ 10.000	Self Governance	\$ 10.000	Self Governance	\$ 10.000	Self Governance	2000	
¥	¥	¥	¥	ġ	TTP Road Maintenance							~	ه د
	ļ				(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Road Maintenance)	\$ 1.000	Self Governance	S 1000	Self Governance	S 1.000	Self Governance	S 1000	S 4.000
¥	¥	¥	¥	56	TTP Transit								
					(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Transit)	\$ 1,000	Self Governance	\$ 5,000	Self Governance	\$ 1000	Self Governance	\$ 1,000	\$ 8,000

					Tribal Tran	Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan	provement P	an					
Priotty	BIA Route #	Sector	Project Length	Year of Constr	Road Name Location (Start and End Points)	All Planning, Prelim Eng., Arch, Env., ROW Activities will be included as TOTAL PE costs	m Eng. Arch, ties will be UL PE costs		Construction	Construct	Construction Engineering	Other	Total
					Description of Work	Estimated Wholho	Work Done	Estimated	Whothow Work Done	Estimated Cost	Who/How Work Done	Estimated Cost	Estimated Cost
-					Sault Elders Entrance								
					Location: Sauft Ste. Marie, Michigan								
					Desc: Design Construction								
	2172	6	1.0	2022	Sault Elders Entrance	\$ 50,000 BIA	BIASelf Gov \$	\$ 100,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIA/Self Gov	\$ 20,000	\$ 220,000
2					Newberry Tribal Housing Sidewalks								
					Location: Newberry, Michigan								
					Desc: Design and constructon of side walks and trails								
	5800	9	020	2022	Zee ba Tik	\$ 50,000 BIA	BIA/Self Gov 5	50,000	BIA/SelfGov	\$ 50,000	BIA/Self Gov	\$ 20,000	\$ 170,000
•					McCann Entrance & Lot								
					Location: St. Igna ce, Michigan								
					Desc: Design Construction								
	5220	9	0.1	2022	McCann	\$ 50,000 SelfG	Self Governance 5	\$ 100,000	Self Governance	\$ 50,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	\$ 220,000
4					Chippevia Country Cooperataive Agreement								
	5021	810	1.00	2022	Country/Club Drive	\$ 50,000 SelfG	Self Governance \$	20,000	Self Governance	\$ 20,000	SelfGovernance	\$ 20,000	\$ 110,000
					Trails and Sidewalks	_							
5					Munising Tribal Housing Sidewalks								
	5403	810	020	2022	Atk Ameg Drive	\$ 10,000 SelfG	Self Governance \$	10,000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	SelfGovernance	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
	5404	810	900	2022	Kinoje Court	10.000	Self Governance S		Self Governance	S 10.000	SelfGovernance		
	5405	80	90:0	2022	Na Me Goss Court	10,000	Self Governance \$	10,000	-	\$ 10,000	-	\$ 1,000	
					Manistique Tribal Housing Sidewalks								
	5300	810	0:30	2022	Mukwa Street	10,000	Self Governance \$		Self Governanace	\$ 10,000	SelfGovernance	\$ 1,000	\$ 31,000
	5301	810	0.10		Chibma Street		Self Governance \$		-				\$ 31,000
	5302	810	0.20		Zhigag Street	10,000	Self Governance \$		_		SelfGovernance		
L					Manistique Connector Road								
	2341	810	0.10	2022	Construct sidewalk	S 10.000 SelfG	Self Governance 5	10.000	Self Governance	S 10.000	SelfGovernance	S 1.000	S 31.000
¥	≸	¥	¥	2022	TTP Transportation Planning								
				2022	Safely	10.000	Self Governance S			S 10.000	SelfGovernance	S 1000	
					Winter Maintenance System Planning	10.000	Self Governance S		_	S 10.000	SelfGovernance	S 1000	S 31.000
				2022	GIS Mapping and Land Use		- 1	10.000		S 10.000			S 31.000
				202	Long Range Transportation Plan	10,000	Self Governance 5		-		-	\$ 1,000	\$ 31,000
				2022	Placemaking Oultural Tourism	10,000				\$ 10,000	_		
NN.	VIV	NN.	VIV	ŝ	TTD Development								
¥	¥	¥	¥	7/17					-				
					(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Road Maintenance)	\$ 10,000 SelfG	Self Governance 5	0000	Self Governance	\$ 10,000	SelfGovernanace	\$ 1,000	\$ 31,000
¥	¥	¥	¥	2022	TTP Transit								
					(TTP Construction Funds for TTP Transit)	S 10.000 SalfG	Salf Governance S	10.000	Salf Governance	S 10.000	SelfGovernance	S 1000	\$ 31000

Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Bahweting Drive	Transportation Department Priority: High
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Cost Estimate: \$550,000	Route: 6164 Section: 810 Length: 1.0

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$550,000				

D ·			
Prote	ect L)es	scription	
110,0			

Proposed new road located north side of Bahweting School. Roadway would begin at 8th Avenue on the west side of school, head easterly to Shunk Road, turn and come out at Marquette and East 10th Street. Site needs to be surveyed and designed. Project scope would include construction of new roadway, utilities, curb gutter and sidewalks throughout the development with new access site for bus or parent drop off at the School with parking. Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site and allow for possible future building of a Tribal education campus to include Head Start, Early Head Start, Day Care, etc.

Project Status

Need to survey, design and environmental clearances.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Future cost associated with plowing and general maintenance.

Additional Comments

Several safety assessments and traffic analysis recommend new access road and investment in new infrastructure at the location.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Casino Ring Road Expansion	Transportation Department Priority: Low
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$375,000	Route: 2004 Section: 10 Length: .50

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost				\$375,000	

Project Description

Transportation recommends extension and addition to current Casino Ring Road to promote flow of traffic, potential expansion of RV Park, pedestrian sidewalks and trails. Including a multi-purpose trail/golf cart access.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Promote safe traffic flow and future expansion

Project Status

Pending

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Will impact future maintenance costs with snow plowing

Additional Comments

Transportation recommends extension and addition to current Casino Ring Road to promote flow of traffic, potential expansion of RV Park, pedestrian sidewalks and trails.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Cooperative Request

Project Title: Chippewa County Road	Transportation Department Priority:
Commission	High
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Cost Estimate: \$100,000	Route: TBD Section: TBD Length: TBD

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000

Project Description

Coop Agreement with Chippewa County Road Commission provide reconstruction, mill and overlay of roads within Kincheloe

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

High density of tribal membership live in this community along with staff. This collaborative effort will promote safer traveling for pedestrians and vehicles.

Project Status

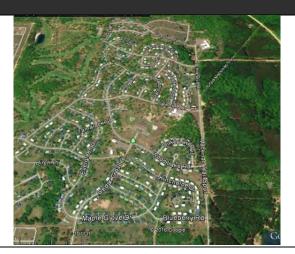
Ongoing cooperative agreement

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

Recommend continued collaboration with community due to low cost of upgrades.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Cooperative Request

Project Title:	City of Manistique Marine Access Drive	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Department	Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Cost Estimate:	\$234,000	Route: 5315 Section: 10 Length 0.10

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$234,000				

Project Description

Site has been surveyed and ready for design phase to begin. Funding request for cost of design. Project scope will be design and new construction of utilities, roadway, new sidewalks and paths within a year

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Provide residents and visitors an accurate interpretation of the Native American history and culture that are proposed to be included in the final interpretive park exhibits.

Project Status

Pending design phase

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

Collaborative Government to Government effort with BOD and City.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Cooperative Request

Project Title: Court Street Reconstruction	Transportation Department Priority: High
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$300,000	Route: 5071 Section: 810 Length: 0.10

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated			\$300,000		
Cost			\$300,000		

Project Description

Site will need to be surveyed and designed. Project scope will be design and construction of new roadway with sidewalks throughout the development.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site.

Project Status

Cooperative agreement meeting with City will be taking place, project needs to be surveyed and designed and potential for future cooperative agreement with admin parking lot

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Future maintenance costs will be responsibility of City

Additional Comments

Site is extremely degraded



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Cooperative Request

Project Title: City of St. Ignace Ojibwa Trail	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$20,000	Route: 5235 Section: 810 Length: 0.50

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$20,000				

Project Description Funding request for cost of construction. Project Justification (Need & Impact) Provide residents and visitors a multi-purpose path and promote active living. Project Status Preliminary design complete Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project,

maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

Collaborative Government to Government effort with BOD and City.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Cooperative Request

Project Title: Mackinac County Road Commission	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Cost Estimate: \$190,000	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000

Project Description

Coop Agreement with Mackinac County Road Commission to provide additional plowing, sanding and salting of two routes: 3 Mile Road in Hessel and Mackinac Trail in St. Ignace Township.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the motorist during the winter months

Project Status

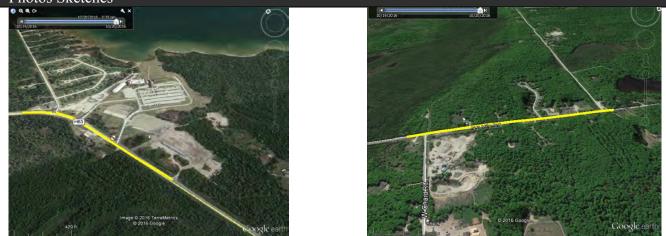
Ongoing cooperative agreement

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Safety Issues

Additional Comments

Transportation Department requests Housing Authority meet to discuss maintenance costs of St. Ignace Housing Development to offset cost of additional maintenance from this Coop Agreement



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Coop Tannery Trail Manistique	Transportation Department Priority:
	Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$20,000	Route: 2342 Section: 10 Length: 0.10

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost		\$20,000			

Project Description
Design and construction of multi-purpose path over railroad crossing in Munising on Tannery Road. This connector trail will promote access for snowmobiles to the Casino along with tribal residence in tribal housing to access city of Munising.
Project Justification (Need & Impact)
Anticipate that project will be highy beneficial to snowmobilers to access the Casino in Manistique and would have positive impact on gaming revenue.
Project Status Transportation Department has and will continue to work with local agencies to move this project forward.
Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)
No impact on future operating costs for Transportation Department. Anticipate higher casino revenue with link for snowmobilers.
Additional Comments
Transportation recommends project for economic development.
Photos Sketches

Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Culture Camp Trail	Transportation Department Priority: High
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Cost Estimate: \$30,000	Route: 2011 Section:810 Length:2.0

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$30,000				

Project Description

Reconstruction of Culture Camp Trail 50% completed with the removal of damaged bridges and replaced with culverts. Additional upgrades to trail scheduled for completion in 2017.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the tribal members and staff; improve overall quality of site and community.

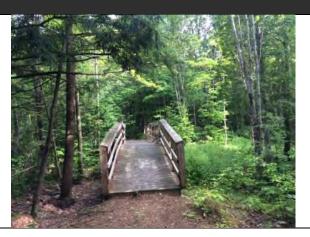
Project Status

Additional upgrades needed to complete project

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

With removal of damaged bridges replaced with culverts Culture Camp trail should have future cost savings with general maintenance.

Additional Comments



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Title: East 10 th Street Reconstruction	Transportation Department Priority: Medium		
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Single		
Department			
Cost Estimate: \$350,000	Route: 2009 Section:10 Length: 0.10		

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost			\$350,000		

Project Description

Redesign several sections of road, with mill and overlay. Install sidewalks length of roadway to connect to Marquette Avenue and Seymour street.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the users, children walking to school. Improve overall quality of entrance to Casino (Economic Development).

Project Status

Needs to be designed

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

HMA has degraded with extensive cracking and pot holes. Recommend total reconstruction with new sidewalks, curb gutter, storm drains, utility upgrades.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Epoufette Harbor Access Road	Transportation Department Priority: Medium	
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple	
Cost Estimate: \$170,000	Route:2025 Section:810 Length:0.20	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$170,000				

Project Description

Collaborative project with Tribal Fisherman to build fishing harbor, dock, parking area and access road. Priority is described as high with Tribal council and fisherman to assist with sustainability, economic development, employment and treaty fishing rights. Project received grant funds from Michigan Econ Dev. Corporation, Great Lakes Trust and Fisherman's Trust monies.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

This project with support our tribal fishers and expand existing access to Lake Michigan. Project will maintain employment of tribal members.

Project Status

Ongoing project meetings for several years. Project tentatively scheduled for 2017 construction season, project may need limited final design review then ready for construction. Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Do not anticipate adverse impacts

Additional Comments

Collaborative effort with Tribal Fishers, Michigan Econ Dev. Corporation, Great Lakes Trust and Fisherman's Trust



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Escanaba Tribal Housing	Transportation Department Priority: High
Roads	
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$300,000	Route:5703 Section:810 Length:0.20

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost		\$300,000			

Project Description

Roads are in need of reconstruction, site will need to be surveyed and designed. Project scope will be new construction of roadway with new sidewalks throughout the development. Drainage and culverts are currently concern, ditches with limited drainage and concerns have been shared that culverts do not work properly.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address drainage and pedestrian safety.

Project Status

Needs to be surveyed and designed

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: JK Lumsden Way	Transportation Department Priority: High
Reconstruction	
Funding Source: Transportation & ICDB	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Grant	
Cost Estimate: \$800,000	Route:2008 Section810 Length:0.20

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$800,000				

Project Description

Collaborative project with Housing Department to address critical safety concerns. Foundations at residence homes are flooding, saturated soils; this is a health and safety concern. Housing receiving a ICDBG to fund upgrades to home foundations. Drainage study was also completed by Housing.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Extensive damage to home foundations, health and safety concerns.

Project Status

Initial project meeting October 2016. Project scheduled for 2017 construction season, project must be surveyed and designed.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Extensive cost savings to residence and Housing Authority due to improved drainage at site.

Additional Comments

Collaborative effort with Tribal Housing



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Manistique Connector Sidewalk	Transportation Program Priority: Medium	
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple	
Cost Estimate: \$30,000	Route:2341 Section:810 Length: 0.10	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated		\$20,000			
Cost		\$30,000			

Project Description

Design and construction of sidewalk from Manistique Health Center to Casino.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Tribal staff and membership shared safety concerns walking to Casino for lunch and other activities.

Project Status

Pending

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

No impact on future operating costs

Additional Comments



Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Manistique Tribal Sidewalks	Transportation Department Priority: High
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$225,000	Route: 5300, 5301,5302

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated					\$225,000
Cost					\$225,000

Project Description

Site will need to be surveyed and designed. Project scope will be construction of new sidewalks throughout the development.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site.

Project Status

Needs to be surveyed and designed

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

Will promote safety and walkability for the community members.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: McCann Elder Entrance &	Transportation Department Priority: Low
Lot	
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Department	
Cost Estimate: \$65,000	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost					\$65,000

Project Description

Project will address safety concerns for pedestrians, due to the pot holes. Also will improve drainage issues.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

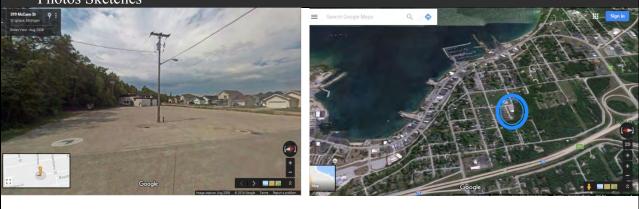
Address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site and bring up to standards so pavement can be maintained.

Project Status

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

May save on future Tribal maintenance costs associated with drainage.

Additional Comments



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Munising Tribal Sidewalks	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$80,000	Route: 5403,5404,5405

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated					\$80,000
Cost					\$80,000

Project Description

Site will need to be surveyed and designed. Project scope will be construction of new sidewalks throughout the development.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site.

Project Status

Needs to be surveyed and designed

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

Recommend new construction of sidewalks in community to promote safety for members and pedestrians.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Newberry Housing-	Transportation Department Priority:
Sidewalks & Multi-Purpose Trails	Medium
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Department	
Cost Estimate: \$70,000.	Route:5600 Section:810 Length:0.20

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost					\$70,000

Project Description

Design and construct sidewalks on both side of road at the Newberry Tribal Housing site. Additional design and construction of multi-purpose trails throughout the site.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Project will address safety concerns for tribal members living in Tribal housing and staff working at the Health & Community Clinic on site and improve overall quality of site and community.

Project Status

Currently being looked at for survey and design, will establish project team and include Health Division staff on site and Housing staff.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

May require additional snow clearing.

Additional Comments

Concerns about safety of residence shared at Elder committee meetings, Health Clinic staff, Non-Motorized plan, Board and Transportation Department.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Nopaming Drive	Transportation Department Priority:
Hessel Tribal Housing	Medium
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Department	
Cost Estimate: \$300,000	Route: 5205 Section:10 Length: 0.20

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost			\$300,000		

Project Description

Mill and overlay roadway and new construction of sidewalks with connector paths to Community Center and Pow Wow grounds.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Address safety of the pedestrians, improve overall quality of site.

Project Status

Needs to be surveyed, designed.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments

With new sidewalks the community members will have safe access to pow wow grounds and community center. The mill and resurfacing of roadway is vital along with sidewalks for community to walk on.



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Odenaang Tribal Roads	Transportation Department Priority: High
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple
Department	
Cost Estimate: \$100,000	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$20,000

Project Description

Construction completed, must keep on TIP for potential project close out items including a living tree fence.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

To bring roads up to level of service, maintain life of pavement, address safety and mobility concerns. Living tree fence will drastically reduce winter maintenance costs from plowing.

Project Status

Construction complete, close out items will continue.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Anticipate much lower maintenance cost associated with plowing, patching, etc..

Additional Comments

Investment in this development is crucial for current use and residence along with future use.





Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Sault Elder Entrance	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$30,000	Route:2172 Seciton:10 Length:0.10

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost					\$30,000

Project Description

Researching the potential to install secondary access to accommodate garbage trucks that come to the facility and address safety concern. Project needs to be designed, right now reviewing the location.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Improvements will address safety of the users, improve overall quality of site. This project was requested by Elder Division Director and Board member.

Project Status

Needs to be designed

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

None

Additional Comments



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Sault Health Clinic	Transportation Department Priority:	
Reconstruction High		
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Single	
Department		
Cost Estimate: \$575,000	Route:2007 Section:10 Length:2.00	

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost		\$575,000			

Project Description

Structurally degraded asphalt, address safety concerns for pedestrians, staff and tribal members. Research feasibility of employee entrance and redesign of main entrance and parking lot.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Health and safety concerns.

Project Status

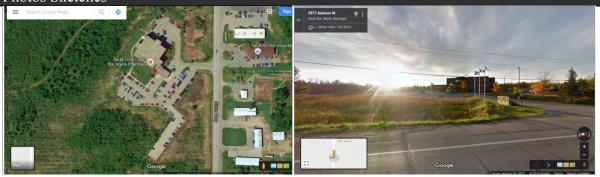
Project tentatively scheduled for 2019 construction season, project must be surveyed and designed.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

No adverse impacts on operating expenses

Additional Comments

Collaborative effort with Health Division



Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Saultuer Sidewalks	Transportation Department Priority:
	Low
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$100,000	Route:5008 Section:10 Length:0.50

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated				\$100,000	
Cost				\$100,000	

Project Description

Design and construction of sidewalks on east side of Saultuer Drive, currently there are new sidewalks on the west side. Including multi-purpose trail to interconnect Lumsden Way, Sautluer and Shawano.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Need expressed by residence during community sessions regarding sidewalks on one side of street but Shawano has them on both sides.

Project Status

Pending

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

Will impact future snow removal costs

Additional Comments

Transportation recommends for safety and mobility of residents.





Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: Shunk Road Redesign	Transportation Department Priority: Medium		
Funding Source: Transportation	Single or Multiple Year: Multiple		
Department			
Cost Estimate: \$750,000	Route: 5013 Section: 810 Length:0.20		

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost			\$750,000		

Project Description

Collaborative project with Day Care Center (Education), Midjim, Judicial, Casino, Elders and Head Start. Address access management, pedestrian safety along main corridor and access points to Casino and Midjim. Road diet, cross walks, sidewalks, etc.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Pedestrian safety, traffic flow, health and safety concerns.

Project Status

Project must be surveyed and designed.

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

No adverse impact on operating expenses.

Additional Comments





Tribal Transportation Department

2018-2022 Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP)

Project Title: St. Ignace Housing Sidewalks	Transportation Department Priority: Medium
Funding Source: Transportation Department	Single or Multiple Year: Single
Cost Estimate: \$100,000	Route:5201 Section: 10
	Length:1.00

Fiscal Year	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Cost				\$100,000	

Project Description

Design and construction of sidewalks throughout the St. Ignace Tribal housing sidewalks along with a multi-purpose trail to the waterfront.

Project Justification (Need & Impact)

Safety concerns presented at community sessions due to families, youth, and young children walking on road.

Project Status

Pending

Impact on Operating Expenses (Future Costs or Savings Associated with the Project, maintenance, operating costs, staffing, etc.)

No impact on future operating costs

Additional Comments

Transportation highly recommends for safety and mobility of residents



4.3 PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

Transportation Department will publish a public notice which will notify the public that the draft TIP is available for public review, input and recommendations. This will take place in early fall on an annual basis. When public comment and review has been completed and information compiled the appropriate changes, if any, will be incorporated into the final TIP.

4.4 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OFFICIAL REVIEW AND APPROVAL

The Transportation Planner will present the draft TIP to the Board of Directors during a official Board Workshop. During this presentation and for the next two weeks, the Transportation Planner will gather input, guidance and recommendations from Board of Directors to incorporate into final TIP.

Following the workshop presentation, the Transportation Planner will then prepare and present the final TIP to the Board of Directors during a regularly scheduled meeting for official vote and approval by the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians Board of Directors. The TIP will then be sent to the BIA Midwest Regional Roads Program for review and approval.

5.3 CAPITAL PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

Tribal Transportation has implemented a Capital Preventative Maintenance process to ensure safe, accessible roads and trails for the community. In addition, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, through TTP Maintenance Funds, are available to conduct the following activities: road preservation, repair, snow plowing, traffic signs, lane painting, etc.

17.1 **OFFICIAL INVENTORY**

The Transportation Department develops, manages and facilitates modifications and updates Tribal updates to the National Tribal Transportation Facility Inventory (NTTFI). The Program works collaboratively with internal tribal programs and divisions and external local units of government and committees to gather input, identify needs and assess to ensure program requirements are met and that all facilities are acceptable and allowable.

Facilities (e.g. roads, trails) that provide access to, between tribal communities/reservations, or located on tribal lands may be eligible and be included in the Tribal Official Inventory and NTTFI. Facilities are owned by the Tribe, Local, BIA, State or Federal government. The Transportation department performs data collection, mapping and completion of RIFDS data sheets to prepare the official inventory for submission to BIA and they maintain the NTTFI. The 2017 Official Route Inventory is included below and in subsequent pages.

1.1 INVENTORY UPDATES

The Department conducts inventory updates bi-annually, with intention to conduct process annual as time permits. Inventory Updates require mapping, RIFDS data information, site narrative and project narrative.

		2000 TRIBAL ROADS			
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHIP
2000	10	ICE CIRCLE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2001	10	POW WOW ROAD	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2003	810	CULTURE CAMP ACCESS ROAD	Chippewa County	0	BIA
2004	10	CASINO RING RD EXPANSION	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2005	10	CASINO RING ROAD	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2006	10	EAST 9TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2007	10	HEALTH CENTER ACCESS ROAD	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2008	10	J.K. LUMSDEN	Chippewa County	0	BIA
2009	10	EAST 10TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2010	10	MOORE'S ROAD (Fishing Access)	Mackinac County	0	BIA
2011	10	ANISHINAABE MIIKANS	Chippewa County	3	BIA
2012	10	BIG BEAR NATURE TRAIL	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2013	10	PROPOSED SHORES TRAIL	Mackinac County	4	Tribe
2015	10	PROPOSED TRADITIONAL MEDICINE TRAIL	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2016	10	BAHWETING SCHOOL LOOP	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2017	10	TIMBERWOLF	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2018	10	EAST POLARIS	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2019	10	SOUTH COUGAR LANE	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2020	10	ARCTIC	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2021	10	ODENAANG COURT	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2022	10	WOLVERINE	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2023	10	BADGER LANE	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2024	10	BOBCAT	Chippewa County	1	BIA
2025	10	EPOUFETTE HARBOR ROAD	Mackinac County	1	BIA
2026	10	WEYQUAYOC	Mackinac County	2	Tribe
2027	10	BIG BEAR PARKING LOT	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2028	10	3 MILE PROPERTY Road	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2029	10	ARC	Chippewa County	2	Tribe
2030	10	TRIBAL USDA LOT	Chippewa County	3	BIA
2031	10	JUDICIAL ACCESS ROAD	Chippewa County		Tribe
2032	10	JUDICIAL LOT	Chippewa County		Tribe
2033	10	HESSEL POWWOW GROUNDS AND ACCESS RD	Mackinac County		Tribe
2034	10	ST. IGNACE WATERFRONT BOARDWALK & TRAIL	Mackinac County		Tribe
2034	10	MANISTIQUE ACCESS ROAD	Schoolcraft County		Tribe
2035	10	SHUNK TO SEYMOUR TRAIL	Chippewa County		Tribe
2036	10	SHOWN TO SETMOOR TRAIL	Chippewa County		Tribe
2037	10	ADMIN ANNEX LOT	Chippewa County		Tribe

Table 13 Tribal Inventory Log 2000 TRIBAL ROADS & PROPOSED ROADS – 2000 TRIBAL ROADS

2039	10	CLARKE AVENUE	Chippewa County		Tribe
		2100 PROPOSED ROADS – CHIPPE			
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHIP
2117	10	ROUTE 2117	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2118	10	ROUTE 2118	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2119	10	ROUTE 2119	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2120	10	MARQUETTE EXTENSION	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2121	10	16TH AVENUE EAST EXTENSION	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2122	10	ROUTE 2122	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2123	10	ROUTE 2123	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2124	10	ROUTE 2124	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2125	10	ROUTE 2125	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2126	10	EAST 15TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	BIA
2131	10	ROUTE 2131	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2150	10	PROPOSED M-28A	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2152	10	PROPOSED M-28B	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2154	10	PROPOSED M-28C	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2156	10	PROPOSED M-28D	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2158	10	PROPOSED M-28E	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2160	10	PROPOSED M28F	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2161	10	PROPOSED RIVERSIDE ACCESS ROAD	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2162	10	PROPOSED FISHERIES HATCHERY ACCESS ROAD	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2164	10	BAHWETING DRIVE	Chippewa County	4	BIA
2165	10	PROPOSED HISTORICAL TRAIL	Chippewa County	4	City of SSM
2165	10	SAULTH HEALTH CENTER PARKING LOT	Chippewa County	4	BIA
2167	10	PROPOSED ROUTE A	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2168	10	PROPOSED ROUTE B	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2169	10	PROPOSED ROUTE C	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2109	10	BADGER LANE	Chippewa County		BIA
				1	
2171	10		Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2172	10	PROPOSED SAULT ELDERS CONNECTOR RD	Chippewa County	4	BIA
2173	10	PROPOSED KELDON TRAIL	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
2174	10		Chippewa County	4	Tribe
ROUTE	SECTION	2200 PROPOSED ROADS – MACKI		Construction	OWNERSHI
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Need	P
2200	810	PUMP HOUSE ROAD	Mackinac County	4	Tribe
2201	10	FORMER SEVARD PROPERTY	Mackinac County	4	Tribe
2202	10	PROPOSED SHORES ACCESS ROAD	Mackinac County	2	Tribe
2203	810	PROPOSED ST.IGNACE ELDERS CONNECTOR RD	Mackinac County	4	BIA
		2300 PROPOSED ROADS – SCHOOL	CRAFT COUNTY		

ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHI P
2310	10	ROUTE 2310	Schoolcraft County	4	Tribe
2320	10	PROPOSED MANISTIQUE B	Schoolcraft County	4	Tribe
2330	10	PROPOSED MANISTIQUE C	Schoolcraft County	4	Tribe
2340	10	PROPOSED MANISTIQUE D	Schoolcraft County	4	Tribe
2341	10	PROPOSED MANISTIQUE CONNECTOR	Schoolcraft County	4	BIA
		2400 PROPOSED ROADS – ALG	ER COUNTY		
DOUTE	SECTION				
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHI P
_	_				
2410	10	Wetmore Proposed Roads	Alger County	4	Tribe
		2500 PROPOSED ROADS – MARC	QUETTE COUNTY		
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHI P
2500	810	Bejig	Marquette County	2	Tribe
		2600 PROPOSED ROADS – LU			
		2700 PROPOSED ROADS – DE			
		3000 STATE ROADS - MULTIPI			
	Τ	Sood STATE ROADS - MIDEIII		T	Т
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHI P
3000	-	-			-
	810 810	M-28 (M221-WS-41)	Chippewa County	2	MDOT MDOT
3001	810		Chippewa County	2	MDOT
3002	810	N 120	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
3010	10	M-129	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
3020	50	M-48	Chippewa County	2	
3030	10	M-134	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
3060	10	US 2	Mackinac County	2	MDOT
	I	3100 STATE ROADS – CHIPPE		1 .	
ROUTE	SECTION		Location	Constructio	
NUMBER	NUMBER			n Need	OWNERSHIP MDOT
3100	10	I-75/ASHMUN STREET	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
3110	10	EAST PORTAGE AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
DOUTE	SECTION	3200 STATE ROADS - MACKIN		Constructio	
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Constructio n Need	OWNERSHIP
3200	10	NORTH STATE STREET	Chippewa County	2	MDOT
5200	10		· · · ·	2	NIDOT
ROUTE	SECTION	4000 URBAN ROAD	<u>S</u>	Constructio	
	SECTION	ROAD NAME	Location	n Need	OWNERSHIP
	NUMBER				
NUMBER	NUMBER				Chippewa
	NUMBER 810	GAINES HWY	Chippewa County	2	Chippewa County
NUMBER	810				
NUMBER	810	GAINES HWY			
NUMBER 4303	810 5000 TO	GAINES HWY		COUNTY	
AUMBER 4303 ROUTE	810 5000 TOV SECTION	GAINES HWY WN & COUNTY ROADS - 5000-5100 TOWN,	COUNTY - CHIPPEWA	COUNTY Construction	County

5002	10	OSHAWAN	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5003	10	BAHWETING	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5004	10	MIGISA COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5005	10	CHI CHUK COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5006	10	OMONG COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5007	810	MUKWA COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5008	10	SAULTUER DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5009	10	AMIK ONSE COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5010	10	ATIK AMEG COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5011	10	WABOOSE COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5012	10	PA PA GASNAK COURT	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5013	810	SHUNK ROAD (Spruce - 3 Mile)	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5014	810	MARQUETTE AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5015	20	1 1/2 MILE RAOD	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5015	810	WEST THREE MILE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5010	810	SEYMOUR ROAD (Easterday to 3 Mile)	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5017	810	TONE ROAD-M/80	Chippewa County	2	County
5018	810	WATER TONER DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5019	810	WESTSHORE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5020	810	COUNTRY CLUB DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5021	810	CEDAR GROVE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5023	810	BLUEBERRY ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5024	810	KRISTEN CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5025	810	KINCHELOE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5026	20	WOOD LAKE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	Chippewa
5026	810	WIOOD LAKE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5027	20	MAPLE GROVE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5028	20	EVERGREEN	Chippewa County	2	County
5029	810	DUKE LAKE CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5030	810	SHEILA CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5031	810	RED CEDAR DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5032	810	WHITE PINE WAY	Chippewa County	2	County
5033	810	MONTERAY DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5034	810	COUNTRYWOOD DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5035	810	BRIAN CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5036	810	TAMARACK STREET	Chippewa County	2	County
5037	810	PARTRIDGE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5038	810	JOHN PATRICK STREET	Chippewa County	2	County
5039	810	TROY LANE	Chippewa County	2	County
5040	810	MARK CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5041	810	SHADOW WOOD DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5042	810	BIRCH PLACE	Chippewa County	2	County
5043	810	TAYLOR DAY WAY	Chippewa County	2	County
5044	810	CHRISTOPHER STREET	Chippewa County	2	County
5045	810	TAMARA LYNN CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5046	810	ERIN PLACE	Chippewa County	2	County
5047	810	BRIDGET CIRCLE	Chippewa County	2	County
5048	810	HOPE LANE	Chippewa County	2	County
5049	810	FOREST LODGE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County

5050	810	CYPRESS LANE	Chippewa County	2	County
5051	810	CLUB HOUSE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5052	810	COUNTRY LANE	Chippewa County	2	County
5053	810	WEDGEWOOD DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5054	810	GREENWOOD WAY	Chippewa County	2	County
5055	810	OSBORN PLACE	Chippewa County	2	County
5057	810	WOODSIDE DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5060	810	FAIRWAY DRIVE	Chippewa County	2	County
5062	810	PARKSIDE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5063	20	N BRASSAR ROAD	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
5064	810	EAST 10TH STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSM
	1	5000-5100 TOWN/COUNTY - 0			,
ROUTE	SECTION	· · · · ·		Construction	
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHI
5066	20	EAST SPRUCE STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5067	20	GREENOUGH STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5068	810	EAST 11TH STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5069	810	FIVE MILE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5070	20	BINGHAM AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5071	810	COURT STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5073		RE-ASSIGNED NEW NO# (3005)			
5074	20	DAVITT STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5075	10	RIVERSIDE DRIVE (MISSION TO 3 MILE)	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5076	10	EAST 15TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5078	10	WEST 12TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5079	10	RYAN STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5080	10	MERIDIAN STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5081	10	WEST 8TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5082	10	EAST EASTERDAY AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5083	10	WEST EASTERDAY AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5083	20	WEST EASTERDAY AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5084	10	WEST SPRUCE STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5085	10	WEST PORTAGE AVENUE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5087	10	EAST THREE MILE ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5088	10	SHUNK ROAD (15 Mile to Tribal Property)	Chippewa County	2	County
5089	10	MACKINAW TRAIL	Chippewa County	2	County
5090	10	SEYMOUR ROAD	Chippewa County	2	County
5092	10	WATER STREET	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5093	10	GARDENVILLE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5094	10	JOHNSTON	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5095	10	ARMORY PLACE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5096	10	RIDGE STREET	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5097	10	SHERIDAN	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5098	10	LIBRARY DRIVE	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5099	10	MAPLE	Chippewa County	2	City of SSN
5100	10	GOVERNOR OSBORN BOULEVARD	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5100	10	PECK STREET	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5101	10	EAST 5TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN
5102	10	SUPERIOR STREET	Chippewa County	3	City of SSN

5104	10	EAST 20TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5106	10	BRADY STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5107	10	EAST 7TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5108	10	OAK STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5109	10	WEST 4TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5109	20	WEST 4TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5110	10	WEST 16TH AVENUE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5111	10	WEST 20TH STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5112	10	WEST 24TH STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5113	10	FOSS STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5114	10	WEST 14TH STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5115	10	WEST 8TH STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5116	10	INDUSTRIAL PARK DRIVE	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5117	10	ORD STREET	Chippewa County	/ 2	City of SSM
5118	10	SALMON RUN WAY	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5119	10	MISSION ROAD	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5120	10	WEST CURTIS ROAD	Chippewa County		County
5121	10	HUGGININ ROAD	Chippewa County		County
5122	10	INDUSTRIAL PARK DRIVE	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5127	10	LYNN CIRCLE	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5128	10	CEDAR STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5130	10	PINE STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5132	10	ANDARY AVENUE	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5132	10	KIMBALL STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5137	10	SOUTH HOMESTEAD ROAD	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5138	10	YOUNG STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5150	10	5000-5100 TOWN/COU			
ROUTE	SECTION			Constructi	on
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
5139	10	MAGAZINE STREET	Chippewa County	/ 3	City of SSM
5140	10	15 MILE ROAD	Chippewa County	/ 2	County
5142	10	WEST 9TH AVENUE	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5143	10	ELIZABETH STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5144	10	NORTH ONTARIO STREET	Chippewa County		Detour
5145	10	NORTH CARIBOU LAKE ROAD	Chippewa County		Detour
5147	10	OAKA STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5148	10	EAST 10TH AVENUE	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5149	10	EAST 8TH STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5150	10	EAST 9TH STREET	Chippewa County		City of SSM
5151	10	EAST NORTH SHORE DRIVE	Chippewa County		County
5152	10		Chippewa County		County
5153	10		Chippewa County		Tribe
	10	NORTH WESTSHORE DRIVE 5200 TOWN & COUNTY -		/ 2	County
5154					
	SECTION			Construction	
5154 ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHIP
ROUTE NUMBER 5200	NUMBER 810	ROAD NAME WEEGWAS DRIVE	Mackinac County	Need 2	City of St. Ignace
ROUTE NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME		Need	OWNERSHIP City of St. Ignace City of St. Ignace City of St. Ignace

			I	1	T
5203	810	SHEN GWOK DRIVE	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5204	810	SHEN GOUP DRIVE	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5205	810	NOPAMING DRIVE	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5206	810	ROCKVIEW ROAD	Mackinac County	2	County
5207	810	ST. IGNACE ROAD	Mackinac County	2	County
5208	20	MACKINAW TRAIL	Mackinac County	2	County
5209	810	INGALSBE ROAD	Mackinac County	2	County
5210	810	THREE MILE ROAD	Mackinac County	2	County
5212		RE-ASSIGNED NEW NO# (3211)			
5213	810	NORTH AIRPORT ROAD	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5214	810	BOUNDARY ROAD	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5215	810	SOUTH AIRPORT ROAD	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5216	810	PORTAGE STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5217	810	MARLEY STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5218	810	SPRING STREET	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5219	810	CHAMBERS STREET	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5220	810	MCCANN STREET	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5221	10	SPRUCE STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5222	10	PROSPECT STREET	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5223	10	EAST TRUCKEY STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5224	10	MARQUETTE STREET	, Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5225	10	NORTH JOHNSON STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5226	10	HAZELTON STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5228	10	LEMOTTE STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5229	10	SOUTH STATE STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5230	10	BURDETTE STREET	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5231	10	FERRY LANE	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5232	10	BOULEVARD DRIVE	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5233	10	WEST ROAD	Mackinac County	3	City of St. Ignace
5234	10	ALPINE STREET	Mackinac County	2	City of St. Ignace
5235	10	Epoufette Access Road	Mackinac County	2	County
5236		ST. IGNACE OJIBWA TRAIL	-		-
5230	10	5300 TOWN & COUNTY - S		2	City of St. Ignace
ROUTE	SECTION	5500 10 WN & COUNT - 3		Constructio	
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	n Need	OWNERSHIP
5300	810	MUKWA STREET	Schoolcraft County	2	Schoolcraft
5301	810	CHITOMA STREET	Schoolcraft		Schoolcraft
	810	ZHIGAG STREET	Schoolcraft County	2	Schoolcraft
5302	+ +			2	Schoolcraft
5303	810	FAKETTY DRIVE	Schoolcraft County	2	Schoolcraft
5304	810	COUNTY ROAD 433	Schoolcraft County	2	
5305	10	OAK STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5306	10	SOUTH LAKE STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5308	10	SOUTH CEDAR STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5309	10	NORTH LAKE STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5310	10	MAIN STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5311	10	WALNUT STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
5312	10	ELK STREET	Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft
			Colored anoth Country	2	Schoolcraft
5313 5314	10 10	DEER STREET NORTH CEDAR STREET	Schoolcraft County Schoolcraft County	3	Schoolcraft

5315	10	HARBOR VIEW DRIVE	Schoolcraft	2	City of Manistique
		5400 TOWN & COUNTY	- ALGER COUNTY		
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHIP
5401	810	ALGER HEIGHTS	Alger County	2	Alger County
5402	810	SHANNON DRIVE	Alger County	2	Alger County
5403	810	ATIK AMEG DRIVE	Alger County	2	Alger County
5404	810	KINOJE COURT	Alger County	2	Alger County
5405	810	NA ME GOSS COURT	Alger County	2	Alger County
5406	810	KNOX STREET	Alger County	2	Alger County
5407	810	TINSEL DRIVE	Alger County	2	Alger County
5408	810	CANDY CANE LANE	Alger County	2	Alger County
5409	810	BALKO STREET	Alger County	2	Alger County
5410	10	MILL STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5411	10	EAST CHOCOLAY STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5412	10	BIRCH STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5413	10	EAST VARNUM STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5414	10	COURT STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5416	10	SUPERIOR STREET	Alger County	3	Munising
5419	10	INDUSTRIAL PARK DRIVE	Alger County	3	Munising
5420	10	CEMETERY ROAD	Alger County	2	Alger County
5421	10	LENHEN ROAD	Alger County	2	Munising
5422	10	SANTA LANE	Alger County	2	Christmas
5423	10	SLEIGH WAY	Alger County	2	Christmas
5424	10	EVERGREEN DRIVE	Alger County	2	Alger County
5425	10	CONNORS ROAD	Alger County	2	Alger County
5426	10	H-58	Alger County	3	Alger County
	••	5500 TOWN & COUNTY - N	AROUETTE COUNTY		
ROUTE NUMBER	SECTION NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Construction Need	OWNERSHIP
5500	810	PIONEER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5501	20			2	Marquette
5503	810	County Road 533	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5504			Marquette County		Marquette
	810	AVENGER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5505	810	CANBERRA STREET	Marquette County	2	•
5506	810	DAGGER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5507	810	EXPLORER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5508	810	FALCON STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5509	810	FORTRESS STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5510	810	HUSTLER	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5511	810	INVADER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5512	810	LIGHTNING	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5513	810	MAURADER	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5514	810	MITCHELL ROAD	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5515	810	NEPTUNE STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5516	810	SIDEWINDER STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
	1				Marguetto
5517	810	STRATOFORT	Marquette County	2	Marquette

5519	810	AVENUE A	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5520	810	5TH STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5521	810	AVENUE C	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5522	810	4TH STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5523	810	3RD STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5524	810	AVENUE D	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5525	810	1ST STREET	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5526	810	AVENUE F	Marguette County	2	Marquette
5527	810	AVENUE H	Marquette County	2	Marquette
5527	010	5600 TOWN & COUNT	· · · ·		marquette
ROUTE	SECTION			Construction	
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
5600	810	ZEE BA TIK	Luce County	2	Newberry
5601	810	NORTH GREENWOOD ROAD	Luce County	2	Newberry
5602	810	West Harrie Streeet	Luce County	2	Newberry
5603	810	Washington Boulevard	Luce County	2	Newberry
5604	810	West McMillan Avenue	Luce County	2	Newberry
		5700 TOWN & COUNT	· · ·		•
ROUTE	SECTION			Construction	
NUMBER	NUMBER	ROAD NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
5700	810	OLD STATE ROAD	Delta County	2	Delta
5701	810		Delta County	2	Delta
5702	810	Jinbob	Delta County	2	Delta
5703	810	Gijik	Delta County	2	Escanaba
5704	810	Willow Creek Road	Delta County	2	Escanaba
5705	810	WIGOB	Delta County	2	Escanaba
5706	10	LUDINGTON STREET	Delta County	3	Escanaba
5707	10	5TH AVENUE SOUTH	Delta County	3	Escanaba
5708	10	22ND STREET	Delta County	3	Escanaba
5709	10	NORTH 3RD STREET	Delta County	3	Escanaba
5710	10	7TH AVENUE SOUTH	Delta County	3	Escanaba
5711	10	SOUTH 2ND AVENUE	Delta County	3	Escanaba
	1 1	FERRI	ES	1 1	
ROUTE	SECTION			Construction	0
NUMBER	NUMBER		Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
P100	10	SUGAR ISLAND FERRY SYSTEM (ISLAND DOCK)	Chippewa County	2	EUPTA
1100	10	TRAIL	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	LOITA
ROUTE	SECTION			Construction	
NUMBER	NUMBER	FACILITY NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
	10	BIG BEAR TRAIL	CHIPPEWA COUNTY	4	TRIBE
P400	10	ANISHINAABE MIIKANS TRAIL Lot	Chippewa County	4	Tribe
			1		
	SECTION	HARBO		Construction	
		FACILITY NAME	Location	Need	OWNERSHIP
ROUTE NUMBER	NUMBER				
	10	EPOUFETTE HARBOR	Mackinac County	4	Tribe

TRIBAL DEPARTMENTS AND PROGRAMS

ANISHNAABEK COMMUNITY AND FAMILY S	ERVICES (ACFS)		
Binoji Placement Center	LIHEAP & Elder Heating		
USDA Tribal Food Program	Native Employment Works		
Advocacy Resource Center	Child Care Development		
Direct Services	C		
CHI MUKWA COMMUNITY RECREATION Ice Skating Activities (Tournaments, Open/Drop-in)	All in One Fitness Center		
Anishinaabeg Bimaadziwin-Culture I			
Kinoomaagewin Maagwid	Repatriations		
Annual Powwows	Cultural Training		
Language	-		
EDUCATION DIVISION			
Early Childhood Programs	Adult Education		
Youth Education & Activities	Higher Education Scholarships		
Head Start & Early Head Start	WIA/Youth Development Funds		
Personal & Pesnite sare	Outroach & Advacacy		
Personal & Respite care Home-making & In-Home Services	Outreach & Advocacy Health Sufficiency Fund		
Elder Transportation	Elder Meals		
Environmental Department			
Ecosystem Health/Water Lab	Native Species		
GIS	Brownstones		
Energy Efficiency			
HEALTH DIVISION HAS SEVEN (7) HEALTH			
Acupuncture	Immunizations		
Audiology Behavioral Health	Laboratory		
Clinical Nursing	Medical Case Management, Nutrition Services		
Community Health Nursing & Education	Optical		
Dental	Pharmacy		
Diabetes	Radiology & Ultrasound		
Fitness Center (Munising)	Traditional Medicine		
General Medicine			
HOUSING AUTHORITY			
Resident Services	Weatherization		
Home ownership	Home Improvement		
Income Based Rental Units			
Emergency Management Yout	h Facility		
	A Code		
Conservation Enforcement			
TRIBAL COURT			
Trial Court	Tribal Action Plan		
Appellate Court	Court of Appeals		
Gwaiak Miicon (Drug Court)	Family Preservation Court		
Inland Fish and Wildlife	Inter-Tribal Fisheries and assessment		

END NOTES

- https://www.federalregister.gov/d/2016-26141
- ⁱⁱ Document can be found here:
 - https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/performance_based_planning/mlrtp_guidebook/fhwahep14046.pdf
- ⁱⁱⁱ Source: US Census Bureau 2010 Decennial Census & Tribal Transit Implementation Plan, Corradino Group ^{iv} http://saulttribe.com/images/stories/government/tribalcode/4-17-15CHAPTR60.pdf
- ^v Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians http://saulttribe.com/government/tribal-code
- ^{vi} <u>https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination/Fraud-Prevention/Medicaid-Integrity-</u> Education/nemt.html
- ^{vii} Michigan Department of Transportation <u>http://www.michigan.gov/mdot/0,4616,7-151-9618_48384-22039--</u>,00.html
- viii Mid-America Freight http://midamericafreight.org/rfs/network-inventory/corridors/profiles/i-69/
- http://www.lre.usace.army.mil/Missions/Recreation/Soo-Locks-Visitor-Center/Soo-Locks-History/
- * <u>https://www.marad.dot.gov/ships-and-shipping/dot-maritime-administration-americas-marine-highway-program/</u>
- ^{xi} Sources: The Economic Impacts of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Seaway Navigation System, Martin Associates (October 2011)

Infrastructure Investment Survey of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Seaway System, Martin Associates (January 2015)

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- FHWA. (August 2014). Model Long-Range Transportation Plans: A Guide for Incorporating Performance-Based Planning. Retrieved October Fifth, 2017, from FHWA:

https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/performance_based_planning/mlrtp_guidebook/fhwahep14046.pdf MDOT. (2014, 11 20). MDOT. Retrieved 11 20, 2014, from Winter Maintenance FAQ's:

http://www.michigan.gov/mdot/0,1607,7-151-52374---F,00.html

Registry, F. (2016, 11 4). Federal Registry. Retrieved 8 15, 2017, from Federeal Registry: https://www.federalregister.gov/d/2016-26141

^{xii} <u>https://www.faa.gov/airports/airport_safety/airportdata_5010/menu/</u>